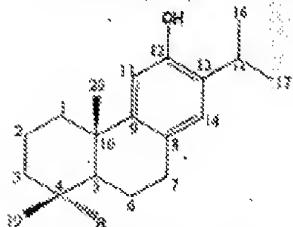


case number is 10/591,282, the structure in claim 1 and the structures in claim 2.

[Claim 1]

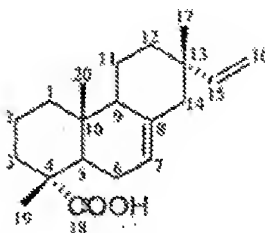
An abietane diterpenoid compound represented by the following formula 1:

<Formula 1>

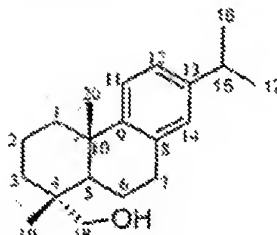


(R is dimethoxymethyl.)

<Formula 2>



<Formula 3>



10/591282

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:25:47 ON 18 JUL 2008
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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 17 JUL 2008 HIGHEST RN 1034594-49-4
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 17 JUL 2008 HIGHEST RN 1034594-49-4

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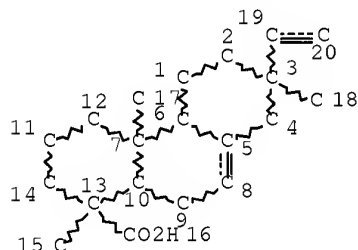
TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH January 9, 2008.

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REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and
predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of
experimental property data in the original document. For information
on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

<http://www.cas.org/support/stngen/stdoc/properties.html>

L9 STR

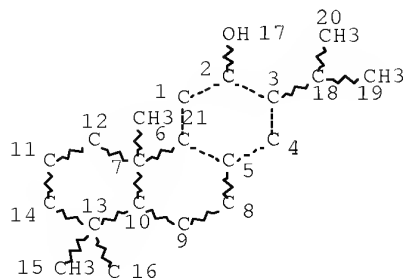


NODE ATTRIBUTES:
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
NUMBER OF NODES IS 20

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

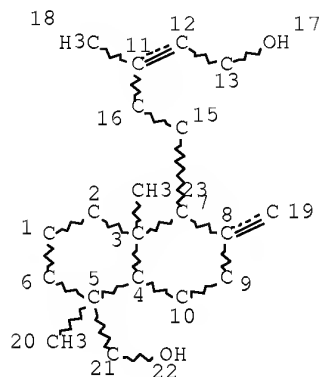
L11 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:
 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
 DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:
 RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
 NUMBER OF NODES IS 21

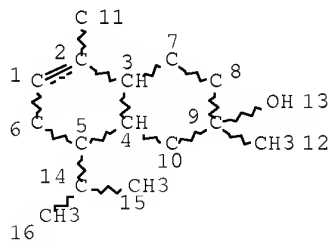
STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE
 L15 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:
 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
 DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:
 RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
 NUMBER OF NODES IS 22

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE
 L17 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:
 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
 DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

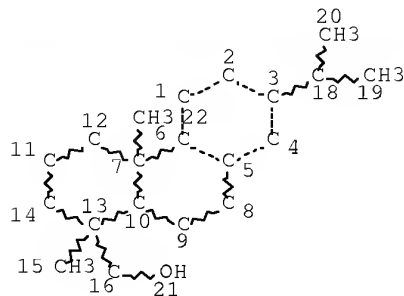
GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:
 RSPEC I
 NUMBER OF NODES IS 16

10/591282

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L23 54 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L15 OR L17

L26 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

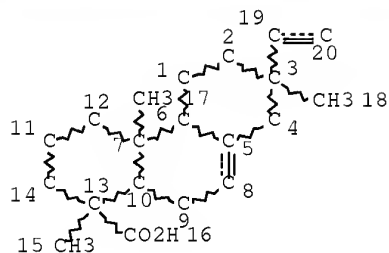
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 21

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L28 837 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L9 OR L11 OR L26

L29 STR



Form. 2

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

CONNECT IS X2 RC AT 1

CONNECT IS X2 RC AT 2

CONNECT IS X2 RC AT 4

CONNECT IS X2 RC AT 8

CONNECT IS X2 RC AT 9

CONNECT IS X2 RC AT 11

CONNECT IS X2 RC AT 12

CONNECT IS X2 RC AT 14

CONNECT IS X1 RC AT 20

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

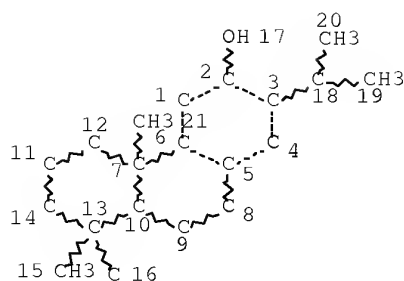
GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 20

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L30 STR



Form. 1

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

```

CONNECT IS X2  RC AT    8
CONNECT IS X2  RC AT    9
CONNECT IS X2  RC AT   11
CONNECT IS X2  RC AT   12
CONNECT IS X2  RC AT   14
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

```

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

```

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
NUMBER OF NODES IS  21

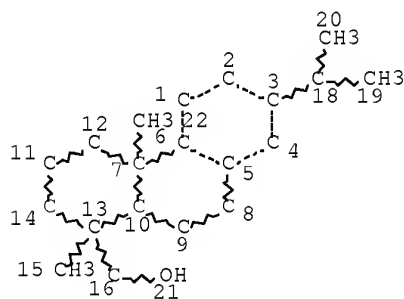
```

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

```

L31          STR

```



Form. 3

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

```

CONNECT IS X2  RC AT    1
CONNECT IS X2  RC AT    2
CONNECT IS X2  RC AT    4
CONNECT IS X2  RC AT    8
CONNECT IS X2  RC AT    9
CONNECT IS X2  RC AT   11
CONNECT IS X2  RC AT   12
CONNECT IS X2  RC AT   14
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

```

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

```

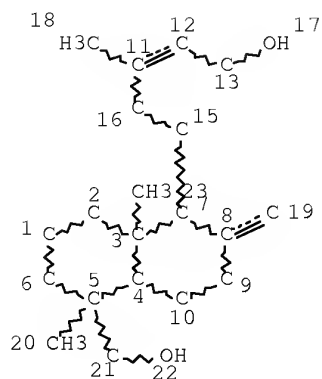
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
NUMBER OF NODES IS  21

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STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L32

STR



Form. 4

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

```

CONNECT IS X2  RC AT   1
CONNECT IS X2  RC AT   2
CONNECT IS X2  RC AT   6
CONNECT IS X2  RC AT   9
CONNECT IS X2  RC AT  10
CONNECT IS X2  RC AT  15
CONNECT IS X2  RC AT  16
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

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GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

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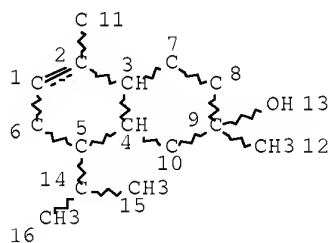
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
NUMBER OF NODES IS  22

```

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L33

STR



Form. 5

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

```

CONNECT IS X2  RC AT   1
CONNECT IS X2  RC AT   6
CONNECT IS X2  RC AT   7
CONNECT IS X2  RC AT   8
CONNECT IS X2  RC AT  10
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

```

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

```

RSPEC I
NUMBER OF NODES IS  16

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STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L34 891 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L28 OR L23
 L36 352 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L34 SSS FUL (L29 OR L30 OR L31 OR
 L32 OR L33)

100.0% PROCESSED 891 ITERATIONS 352 ANSWERS
 SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 18 Jul 2008 VOL 149 ISS 4
 FILE LAST UPDATED: 17 Jul 2008 (20080717/ED)

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<http://www.cas.org/legal/infopolicy.html>

| | | | |
|-----|-------|---|--------------------------|
| L38 | 2639 | SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L36 | |
| L39 | 113 | SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L38 AND THU/RL E CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASES+ALL/CT E E2+ALL | RL-role; THU-therap. use |
| L40 | 24235 | SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON "CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM, DISEASE"+OLD,PF T/CT E E115+ALL | |
| L41 | 23067 | SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON "CARDIOVASCULAR AGENTS"+PFT/CT E ANTICHOLESTEREMIC AGENTS+ALL/CT | |
| L42 | 12356 | SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON "ANTICHOLESTEREMIC AGENTS"+OLD/CT E HYPERLIPIDEMIA+ALL/CT | |
| L43 | 9364 | SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON HYPERLIPIDEMIA+OLD/CT E ATHEROSCLEROSIS+ALL/CT | |
| L44 | 45237 | SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ATHEROSCLEROSIS+OLD/CT E ANTIATHEROSCLEROSIS AGENTS+ALL/CT E E2+ALL | |
| L45 | 10350 | SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON "ANTIARTERIOSCLEROTICS (L) ANTIATHEROSC LEROTICS"+PFT/CT | |
| L46 | 9 | SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L39 AND ((L40 OR L41 OR L42 OR L43 OR L44 OR L45)) | |
| L47 | 84 | SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L38 AND (?ATHEROSCLER? OR (HEART OR CARDIOVASCULAR OR CARDIAC OR CARDIO VASCULAR) (3A) (DISEAS? OR DISORDER) OR ?LIPIDEMI? OR ?LIPIDAEMI? OR ?CHOLESTER?) | |
| L48 | 20 | SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L47 AND (TREAT? OR THERAP? OR PREVENT?) | |

L49 22 L46 OR L48

L49 ANSWER 1 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 11 Jun 2008

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:697033 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 149:24954

TITLE: Pimaric acid and related compounds for potassium channel openers, and therapeutic use thereof

INVENTOR(S): Imaizumi, Yuji; Ohwada, Tomohiko

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Tanabe Seiyaku Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: U.S., 18pp., Cont.-in-part of Appl. No.

PCT/JP2002/04085.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

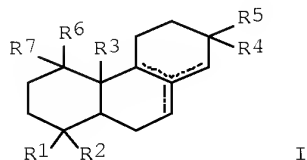
LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|-------------|
| US 7385083 | B2 | 20080610 | US 2003-664165 | 20030917 |
| US 20040116482 | A1 | 20040617 | | |
| WO 2002087559 | A1 | 20021107 | WO 2002-JP4085 | 20020424 |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW | | | | |
| RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG | | | | |
| US 20060235072 | A1 | 20061019 | US 2006-353189 | 20060214 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | JP 2001-127054 | A 20010425 |
| | | | JP 2001-337723 | A 20011102 |
| | | | WO 2002-JP4085 | A2 20020424 |
| | | | US 2003-664165 | A3 20030917 |

GI



AB The invention discloses a potassium channel opener comprising a compound (e.g., pimaric acid) represented by I (R1-R7 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, halogen,

10/591282

hydroxy, etc.; dotted line = optional bond), or a physiol. acceptable salt thereof, as an effective ingredient. Compds. of the invention may be used to treat hypertension, central nervous system disorders, etc.
Dichlorodehydroabiatic acid is specifically claimed.

IT 5835-26-7, Isopimaric acid 57055-39-7,
Dichlorodehydroabiatic acid
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use);
BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(pimaric acid and related compds. for potassium channel openers,
and therapeutic use)

L49 ANSWER 2 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 16 May 2008

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:590918 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 148:554111

TITLE: Compounds and methods for modulating protein trafficking

INVENTOR(S): Bulawa, Christine; Fleming, James

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Foldrx Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 97pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---------------|--|----------|-----------------|----------|
| ----- | ---- | ----- | ----- | ----- |
| WO 2008058269 | A2 | 20080515 | WO 2007-US84257 | 20071109 |
| W: | AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LY, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW | | | |
| RW: | AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM | | | |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2006-857941P P 20061109

AB The invention discloses compns. and methods for modulating protein trafficking and treating or preventing disorders characterized by impaired protein trafficking. Also disclosed are methods for producing a protein and identifying compds. that rescue protein trafficking defects.

IT 35928-32-6 35928-32-6D, derivs.

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use);

BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(compds. and methods for modulating protein trafficking)

L49 ANSWER 3 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 13 Apr 2007

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:410249 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:372818

TITLE: Activator for peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor (PPAR γ) and composition containing the activator for preventing or

INVENTOR(S): ameliorating specific symptom
Kawada, Teruo; Kang, Min-Sook; Goto, Tsuyoshi;
Ezaki, Yoichiro
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Kyoto University, Japan; Arakawa Chemical
Industries, Ltd.
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 27pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---|------|----------|------------------|------------|
| ----- | --- | ----- | ----- | ----- |
| WO 2007040006 | A1 | 20070412 | WO 2006-JP317485 | 20060905 |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM | | | | |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | JP 2005-257815 | A 20050906 |

AB Disclosed is an activator for peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor γ characterized by containing at least one compound selected from the group consisting of dehydroabiatic acid, 13 β - Δ 8- dihydroabiatic acid and isopimaric acid or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof. This activator is useful in preventing or ameliorating at least one symptom selected from the group consisting of insulin resistance, type 2 diabetes, hyperlipemia, hypertension, obesity of the visceral fat type and fatty liver. For example, the PPAR- γ ligand activity of dehydroabiatic acid was in vitro examined Also, a tablet containing dehydroabiatic acid was formulated.

IT 1740-19-8 5835-26-7, Isopimaric acid
 RL: FFD (Food or feed use); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU
 (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (activator for peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor
 (PPAR γ) containing abiatic acid derivs., and composition containing same)

REFERENCE COUNT: 13 THERE ARE 13 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR
 THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE
 RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 4 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 13 Apr 2007

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:409540 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:372817

TITLE: Activator for peroxisome proliferator-activated
 receptor (PPAR α) and composition containing
 the activator for preventing or
 ameliorating specific symptom

INVENTOR(S): Kawada, Teruo; Kang, Min-Sook; Goto, Tsuyoshi;
 Ezaki, Yoichiro
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Kyoto University, Japan; Arakawa Chemical
 Industries, Ltd.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 27pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---|------|----------|------------------|----------|
| WO 2007040005 | A1 | 20070412 | WO 2006-JP317484 | 20060905 |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM | | | | |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2005-257812 A 20050906

AB Disclosed is an activator for peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor α (PPAR α) characterized by containing, as the active ingredient, at least one compound selected from the group consisting of dehydroabiatic acid, mercusic acid, 13 β - Δ 8-dihydroabiatic acid and 12-sulfodehydroabiatic acid or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof. This activator is useful in preventing or ameliorating at least one symptom selected from the group consisting of insulin resistance, type 2 diabetes, hyperlipemia, hypertension, obesity of the visceral fat type and fatty liver. For example, the PPAR- α ligand activity of mercusic acid was in vitro tested. Also, a tablet containing dehydroabiatic acid was also disclosed.

IT 1740-19-8, Dehydroabiatic acid
 RL: FFD (Food or feed use); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (activator for peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor (PPAR α) containing abiatic acid derivs., and composition containing same)

REFERENCE COUNT: 16 THERE ARE 16 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 5 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 05 Mar 2007

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:239160 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 147:463223

TITLE: Effect of cobalt ions on the metabolism of some volatile and polar compounds in the marine invertebrates *Mytilus galloprovincialis* and *Actinia equina*

AUTHOR(S): Nechev, Jordan; Stefanov, Kamen; Nedelcheva, Diana; Popov, Simeon

CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute of Organic Chemistry with Centre of Phytochemistry, Bulgarian Academy of Sciences, Sofia, Bulg.

SOURCE: Comparative Biochemistry and Physiology, Part B: Biochemistry & Molecular Biology (2007), 146B(4), 568-575

CODEN: CBPBB8; ISSN: 1096-4959

PUBLISHER: Elsevier B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB The compns. of the volatile and polar fractions from 2 coexisting Black Sea invertebrates, the mussel *Mytilus galloprovincialis* and the beadlet anemone *Actinia equina*, were established. The main metabolites in the volatile fraction from the investigated animals appeared to be Me esters of fatty acids and fatty aldehydes. In the polar fraction from both animals low concns. of free acids and nitrogen-containing compds. were obtained. Free carbohydrates were in much higher concns. in *M. galloprovincialis* than in *A. equina*. Some sterols, probably as polar conjugates, were identified mainly in *A. equina*. Significant changes among all compds. appeared after treatment of both invertebrates with 2 different concns. of Co ions. The variety of changes in each invertebrate could be due to their different evolutionary status. The effect of Co ions was often stronger at medium Co-ion concns.

IT 1740-19-8, Dehydroabietic acid

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(Co accumulation and effect on metabolism of volatile and polar compds. in marine invertebrates)

REFERENCE COUNT: 61 THERE ARE 61 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 6 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 15 Sep 2005

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1001814 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:311932

TITLE: Novel abietane diterpenoid compounds from *Torreya nucifera* for prevention and treatment of cardiovascular disease

INVENTOR(S): Jeong, Tae-Sook; Lee, Woo-Song; Kim, Hyoung-Chin; Choi, Yang-Kyu; Kim, Ju-Ryoung; An, So-Jin; Im, Kyoung-Ran; Jang, Ki-Chang; Moon, Og-Sung; Son, Jun-Seock

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Korea Research Institute of Bioscience and Biotechnology, S. Korea; Jeong, Tae-Sook; Lee, Woo-Song; Kim, Hyoung-Chin; Choi, Yang-Kyu; Kim, Ju-Ryoung; An, So-Jin; Im, Kyoung-Ran; Jang, Ki-Chang; Et Al.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 68 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

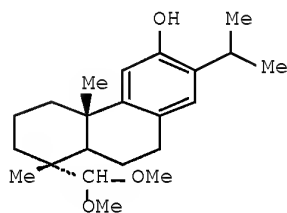
| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---------------|--|----------|-----------------|----------|
| ----- | ---- | ----- | ----- | ----- |
| WO 2005084141 | A2 | 20050915 | WO 2005-KR472 | 20050222 |
| W: | AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW | | | |
| RW: | BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, | | | |

10/591282

DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC,
NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA,
GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

| | | | | |
|------------------------|----|----------|----------------|-------------|
| KR 2006073751 | A | 20060629 | KR 2004-112140 | 20041224 |
| KR 2006043067 | A | 20060515 | KR 2005-14523 | 20050222 |
| JP 2007526299 | T | 20070913 | JP 2007-501703 | 20050222 |
| US 20070190192 | A1 | 20070816 | US 2006-591282 | 20060831 |
| KR 2007041484 | A | 20070418 | KR 2007-30866 | 20070329 |
| KR 772495 | B1 | 20071101 | | |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | KR 2004-14236 | A 20040303 |
| | | | KR 2004-89372 | A 20041104 |
| | | | KR 2004-112140 | A 20041224 |
| | | | KR 2005-14523 | A3 20050222 |
| | | | WO 2005-KR472 | W 20050222 |

GI



AB The present invention relates to a composition for the prevention and the treatment of cardiovascular disease containing exts. of *T. nucifera* or abietane diterpenoid compound or terpenoid compound isolated from the same as an effective ingredient. *T. nucifera* exts. or abietane diterpenoid compound or terpenoid compound isolated from the same of the present invention not only shows excellent anti-oxidative activity to LDL but also effectively inhibits ACAT activity. Further, *T. nucifera* exts. of the present invention reduce blood LDL cholesterol and total cholesterol. Compds. isolated from *T. nucifera* include I, ferruginol, 18-hydroxyferruginol, isopimaric acid, dehydroabietinol, and kayadiol.

IT 514-62-5, Ferruginol 3772-55-2, Dehydroabietinol
5835-26-7, Isopimaric acid 13742-23-9
22595-48-8 26296-35-5, Kayadiol 108904-92-3
, 18-Oxoferruginol 864494-92-8

RL: NPO (Natural product occurrence); PAC (Pharmacological activity);
PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PYP (Physical process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study);
OCCU (Occurrence); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
(abietane diterpenoid compds. from *Torreya nucifera* for prevention and treatment of cardiovascular disease)

L49 ANSWER 7 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
ED Entered STN: 20 Oct 2003
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:821864 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:265862
 TITLE: In vivo and in vitro assessment of the androgenic potential of a pulp and paper mill effluent
 AUTHOR(S): Ellis, Rosanne J.; van den Heuvel, Michael R.; Bandelj, Emil; Smith, Murray A.; McCarthy, Lynda H.; Stuthridge, Trevor R.; Dietrich, Daniel R.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Forest Research, Rotorua, N. Z.
 SOURCE: Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry (2003), 22(7), 1448-1456
 CODEN: ETOCDK; ISSN: 0730-7268
 PUBLISHER: SETAC Press
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English

AB The androgenic potential of a New Zealand pulp and paper mill effluent was measured by applying a combination of in vitro and in vivo bioassays with mosquitofish (*Gambusia affinis*) and goldfish (*Carassius auratus*). The in vivo method assessed the rate of gonopodial development (masculinization) and alterations from normal reproductive behavior in adult female mosquitofish exposed for 21 d to untreated or secondary-treated pulp mill effluent. A second in vivo mosquitofish exposure tested the effect of glass-fiber (type C) filtration of secondary-treated effluent on rates of expression of the same endpoints. Extractable orgs. analyses of effluents and exts. thereof were conducted. Mosquitofish demonstrated significant masculinization on exposure to either treated or untreated effluent; the frequency of gonopodial development was reduced with effluent secondary-treatment. Male mating behavior was observed in the masculinized adult females. Glass-fiber (type F) filtration of the treated effluent eliminated the masculinizing effect, suggesting that the bioactive compds. were associated with the suspended solids. The in vitro method measured the binding of compds. within a treated thermomech./bleached kraft effluent extract to androgen receptors contained in goldfish testis cytosol. Exposure to exts. of either the particulate (glass-fiber filtered) or the dissolved organic fraction of the effluent produced significant binding (as indicated by the displacement of radiolabeled testosterone) to the androgen receptor in goldfish gonadal tissue. Thus, the dissolved orgs. extract of the treated effluent contained compds. androgenic to goldfish in vitro but not to mosquitofish in vivo. The combined in vitro and in vivo data suggest that the effluent in question could exert effects on the reproductive physiol. of fishes through an androgenic mechanism. The androgenic compds. androstenedione and testosterone were not detected in the exts. used for the in vitro component of this study.

IT 1740-19-8, Dehydroabietic acid 5835-26-7, Isopimaric acid

RL: POL (Pollutant); OCCU (Occurrence)

(pulp and paper mill effluents composition and androgenic potential assessed by goldfish and mosquitofish bioassay)

REFERENCE COUNT: 35 THERE ARE 35 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 8 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 04 Jul 2003

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:512088 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:79142

TITLE: Tricyclic terpenes of the family of abietic acid as RANTES receptor ligands

INVENTOR(S): Saxena, Geeta; Tudan, Christopher R.; Merzouk, Ahmed; Salari, Hassan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Chemokine Therapeutics Corporation, Can.

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 26 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 881,559.

10/591282

CODEN: USXXCO
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|-------------|
| US 20030125380 | A1 | 20030703 | US 2001-992550 | 20011113 |
| US 6831101 | B2 | 20041214 | | |
| US 20030092674 | A1 | 20030515 | US 2001-881559 | 20010614 |
| WO 2002102365 | A1 | 20021227 | WO 2002-CA840 | 20020606 |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG | | | | |
| AU 2002312668 | A1 | 20030102 | AU 2002-312668 | 20020606 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | US 2001-881559 | A2 20010614 |
| | | | US 2001-992550 | A 20011113 |

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 139:79142

AB A method of treating a chemokine- or chemokine receptor-mediated disease using a tricyclic terpene compound that binds to one or more RANTES receptors is described. For example, the ability of tricyclic terpenes to competitively inhibit binding of the chemokine ligand RANTES to its receptors (CCR-1, -3, -4, and -5) on THP-1 type cells was demonstrated. Thus neoabietic acid (CTCM 189), sandaraco-pimaric acid, and ammonium pimarate at 4 µg/mL inhibited RANTES binding by 68%, 36%, and 48%, resp. Neoabietic acid showed an almost complete inhibition of RANTES-induced [Ca²⁺]_i mobilization in THP-1 cells at the concentration of 5 µM. In accordance with this aspect of the invention, the neoabietic acid or corresponding salts may be used for the treatment of a wide range of inflammatory diseases such as gout, arthritis, osteoarthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, reperfusion injuries, inflammatory bowel diseases, and ARDS.

IT 1740-19-8

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use);

BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(tricyclic terpenes based on abietic acid as chemokine receptor ligands for treatment of chemokine-mediated disease)

REFERENCE COUNT: 32 THERE ARE 32 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 9 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 12 May 2003

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:357723 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:201833

TITLE: Molecular markers of anthropogenic activity in sediments of the Havel and Spree rivers (Germany)

AUTHOR(S): Ricking, M.; Schwarzbauer, J.; Franke, S.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Earth Sciences, Environmental Organic Geochemistry, Free University of Berlin, Berlin, 12249, Germany

SOURCE: Water Research (2003), 37(11), 2607-2617
 CODEN: WATRAG; ISSN: 0043-1354
 PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Ltd.
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English

AB Detailed gas chromatog./mass spectrometric analyses were applied to sediment samples of the Havel and Spree rivers, tributaries to the Elbe River, in order to identify specific mol. markers of anthropogenic activities. Despite a wide variety of lipophilic organic compds. from diffuse anthropogenic contamination, a local emission of an industrial point source was reflected by specific markers including halogenated compds. and N-containing substances (4-ethylnitrobenzene, formyl piperidine, acetyl piperidine). In addition to well-known anthropogenic markers various new mol. tracers were detected and are discussed, namely plasticizers (alkylsulfonic acid aryl esters, tri-Bu and tricresyl phosphates), synthetic fragrances (galaxolide, tonalide, 4-oxoisophorone), additives of personal care products (4-methoxycinnamic acid 2-ethylhexyl ester, benzyl benzoate, dibenzyl ether, benzophenone), occurring due to sewage treatment plant input.

IT 1740-19-8, Dehydroabietic acid

RL: POL (Pollutant); OCCU (Occurrence)

(mol. markers of anthropogenic activity in sediments of Havel and Spree rivers, Germany)

REFERENCE COUNT: 23 THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 10 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 20 Jan 2002

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:54083 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:258484

TITLE: Exposure of Reproductively Maturing Rainbow Trout to a New Zealand Pulp and Paper Mill Effluent
 AUTHOR(S): van den Heuvel, M. R.; Ellis, R. J.; Tremblay, L. A.; Stuthridge, T. R.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Forest Research, Rotorua, N. Z.

SOURCE: Ecotoxicology and Environmental Safety (2002), 51(1), 65-75

CODEN: EESADV; ISSN: 0147-6513

PUBLISHER: Academic Press

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Long-term studies on the reproductive fitness of fish under controlled exposure conditions are necessary to address some of the controversy surrounding the field-based studies of pulp and paper effluent effects. This study undertook effluent exposures of 2+ age rainbow trout that were approx. halfway through gonadal growth. Trout were exposed to a mixed thermomech./bleached kraft effluent in 12,000-L flow-through exposure tanks at an environmental research facility located at a pulp and paper mill in Kawerau, New Zealand. Trout were exposed to either upstream river water or 10% effluent in upstream river water and were maintained at a ration of 0.7% of body wet weight during the experiment. Results of the 2-mo study indicated that trout survival was not significantly different between effluent-exposed tanks and reference tanks. There was extensive growth during the exposure but no differences were found due to effluent exposure. Gonadal development was not significantly different between treatments. Steroid hormone concns. in males and females were not affected by effluent exposure. The effluent showed no potential to be estrogenic as indicated by a lack of vitellogenin induction in male trout. Other physiol. indicators of energy storage and utilization also showed no significant differences. Modest induction of hepatic 7-ethoxyresorufin-O-deethylase (2.5-fold) was the only detectable biol. effect

of the exposure. Biliary concentration of effluent-related compds. were typical of pulp mill effluent exposure and further suggested that the source of phytosterols was in fact dietary and not effluent-derived. (c) 2002 Academic Press.

IT 1740-19-8, Dehydroabiestic acid 5835-26-7, Isopimaric acid

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); POL (Pollutant); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)

(exposure of reproductively maturing rainbow trout to New Zealand pulp and paper mill effluent)

REFERENCE COUNT: 45 THERE ARE 45 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 11 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 02 Jan 2002

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:4929 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:51614

TITLE: Lipids as indicators of eutrophication in marine coastal sediments

AUTHOR(S): Pinturier-Geiss, L.; Mejanelle, L.; Dale, B.; Karlsen, D. A.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Geology, University of Oslo, Blindern, Oslo, N-0316, Norway

SOURCE: Journal of Microbiological Methods (2002), 48(2-3), 239-257

CODEN: JMIMDQ; ISSN: 0167-7012

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Ireland Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Total organic C (TOC) and sedimentary lipid content were examined in Bunnefjord, the inner-most part of Oslofjord in Norway. Bunnefjord is an intermittent anoxic basin which has undergone major eutrophication since the early 1800s. A sediment core from this fjord was collected at 100 m depth under anoxic remnant water. The first 15 cm corresponded to deposits from 1500 to present were analyzed. Lipid classes were quantified by thin layer chromatog.-flame ionization detection; the mol. composition of selected lipid classes was analyzed by gas chromatog. and gas chromatog.-mass spectrometry. Lipids were dominated by 2 main classes, phospholipids and hydrocarbons. Hydrocarbons represented $\leq 7.4\%$ of total lipids in sediment layers covering the period when the most extensive cultural eutrophication occurred (1900-1970). Higher fluxes of organic C produced during this period may have controlled hydrocarbon inputs to sediment, due to the hydrophobic character of these pollutants. Hydrocarbon concns. reversed toward pre-industrial levels in more recent layers, suggesting improved water quality, possibly in response to improved wastewater treatment in cities around Bunnefjord. The second most abundant pool of lipids consisted of phospholipids, mostly contributed by bacteria. Even though concentration decreased with depth, the relative proportions to total lipids remained high, mainly in the deepest layers ($>80\%$ of total lipids). A rapid decrease of polyunsatd. fatty acid Me esters (FAME) from the phospholipid fraction in the upper 4 cm suggested a rapid biodegrdn. of planktonic input and meiofauna. Odd-branched fatty acids were more probably contributed by bacteria linked to the high sedimentary hydrocarbon content. Down-core distribution of 16:1 ω 7, 18:1 ω 7, 18:1 ω 5 esterified to phospholipids suggested a vertical zonation of the microbial community in relation to redox conditions and available organic matter. In addition to bacterial S biomass, the presence of hopanoic acids in the phospholipids fraction suggested the contribution of bacteria growing on CH₄. According to sterol composition, dominated by 4 α (H)-methylsterols, dinoflagellates

represent the major contributors to organic matter produced in the water column, particularly during the period of extensive eutrophication. Long-chain diols (1,13-C26, 1,15-C30, 1,15-C32) and long-chain keto-ols (1,15-C30 and 1,15-C32) are reported for the first time at high latitudes. Their relative distribution (diol and keto-ol indexes of Versteegh, et al. [1997]) have depicted a particular event during the eutrophication period, a freshwater intrusion with input of land-derived organic matter. This is in accordance with the down-core distribution of freshwater/terrestrial markers as sitosterol, dehydroabietic acid, and iso- and anteiso-pimaric acids. Diol and keto-ol indexes also underlined the general transition trend from marine to more brackish water in Bunnefjord. These last observations provide confidence into the use of these compds. in paleoenvironmental reconstruction.

IT 1740-19-8, Dehydroabietic acid 5835-26-7,
Iso-pimaric acid

RL: OCU (Occurrence, unclassified); POL (Pollutant); OCCU (Occurrence)
(lipids as indicators of eutrophication in coastal sediment of
Bunnefjord, Oslofjord, Norway)

REFERENCE COUNT: 63 THERE ARE 63 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR
THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE
RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 12 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 23 Nov 2001

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:848652 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:144962

TITLE: Cardioactive diterpenoids from the roots of *Salvia amplexicaulis*

AUTHOR(S): Kolak, Ufuk; Ari, Sule; Birman, Husniye;
Hasancebi, Semra; Ulubelen, Ayhan

CORPORATE SOURCE: Faculty of Pharmacy, Department of Chemistry,
University of Istanbul, Istanbul, 34452, Turk.

SOURCE: Planta Medica (2001), 67(8), 761-763

CODEN: PLMEAA; ISSN: 0032-0943

PUBLISHER: Georg Thieme Verlag

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Five diterpenoids, three steroids, four triterpenoids and one flavonoid were isolated from the roots of *Salvia amplexicaulis* Lam. (Lamiaceae). Structures of these compds. were elucidated by spectroscopic anal. The crude extract and the pure compds. were tested for cardiovascular parameters using Wistar Albino rats. The crude extract, and 7-oxo-abieta-9,12,14-triene, ferruginol, stigmast-4-en-3-one showed a vasodepressor effect.

IT 514-62-5F, Ferruginol

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PUR (Purification or recovery);
THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP
(Preparation); USES (Uses)

(cardioactive diterpenoids from roots of *Salvia amplexicaulis*)

REFERENCE COUNT: 20 THERE ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR
THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE
RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 13 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 21 Feb 1996

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:110235 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:171159

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 124:31655a,31658a

TITLE: Wood-derived estrogens: studies in vitro with
breast cancer cell lines and in vivo in trout

AUTHOR(S): Mellanen, Pirkko; Petaenen, Tiina; Lehtimaeki,
Jyrki; Maekelae, Sari; Bylund, Goeran; Holmbom,

Bjarne; Mannila, Erkki; Oikari, Aimo; Santti, Risto
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Int. Biomedicine, Univ. Turku, Turku, Finland
 SOURCE: Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology (1996),
 136(2), 381-8
 CODEN: TXAPA9; ISSN: 0041-008X
 PUBLISHER: Academic
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English

AB The wood-derived compound, β -sitosterol (purity >900), was shown to be estrogenic in fish. It induced the expression of the vitellogenin gene in the liver of juvenile and methyltestosterone-treated rainbow trout. Structural similarities to β -sitosterol notwithstanding, cholesterol, citrostadienol, β -sitostanol, and 5-androstene- β ,17 β -diol, an estrogenic member of the androstenic steroid group, were inactive. An abietic acid mixture (37% abietic acid, 6% dehydroabietic acid, and a remainder of unknown compds.) showed slight hormonal activity in feed, but it was completely inactive when given i.p. in implant. The estrogenic component of the abietic acid preparation was not identified. In addition to β -sitosterol and abietic acid, several other wood-derived compds. including betulin, isorhapontigenin, isorhapontin, and pinosylvin were estrogenic in breast cancer cells (MCF-7 or T-47D). However, betulin and pinosylvin, available in sufficient amts. for in vivo testing, did not induced the expression of the vitellogenin gene. Differences in the primary sequences of human and fish estrogen receptors (hormones as well as DNA-binding regions) or uptake and metabolism of the compds. may explain the discrepancy between the two estrogen bioassays. Wood-derived compds. such as β -sitosterol, present in pulp and paper mill effluents, may account for the weak estrogenicity of debarking effluent seen at the vitellogenin expression bioassay.

IT 1740-19-8, Dehydroabietic acid

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU
 (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (estrogenicity of wood-derived polycyclic compds. determined in breast cancer cell line proliferation and vitellogenin expression in trout liver)

L49 ANSWER 14 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 25 Jun 1989

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:231929 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 110:231929

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 110:38467a,38470a

TITLE: Preparation of pyrazolyl- and thiazolylabietic acid amides as anticholesteremics

INVENTOR(S): Yoshikuni, Yoshiaki; Chokai, Shoichi; Fujita, Ikuo; Ozaki, Takayuki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nippon Shinyaku Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 6 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

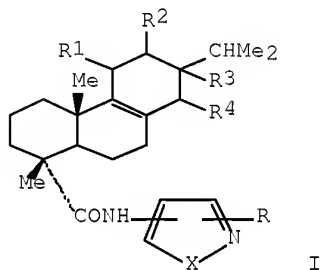
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|-------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| ----- | ---- | ----- | ----- | ----- |
| DE 3704404 | A1 | 19870820 | DE 1987-3704404 | 19870212 |
| DE 3704404 | C2 | 19910307 | | |
| JP 62190169 | A | 19870820 | JP 1986-31585 | 19860215 |
| JP 05074588 | B | 19931018 | | |

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| | | | | |
|------------------------|----|----------|---------------|------------|
| JP 62190177 | A | 19870820 | JP 1986-31586 | 19860215 |
| JP 06006580 | B | 19940126 | | |
| GB 2186575 | A | 19870819 | GB 1987-3529 | 19870216 |
| GB 2186575 | B | 19891108 | | |
| FR 2598413 | A1 | 19871113 | FR 1987-1924 | 19870216 |
| FR 2598413 | B1 | 19900323 | | |
| US 4755523 | A | 19880705 | US 1987-15287 | 19870217 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | JP 1986-31585 | A 19860215 |
| | | | JP 1986-31586 | A 19860215 |

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 110:231929
GI



AB The title compds. [I; R = H, alkyl, Ph, HO₂CCH₂; R₁-R₄ = H; R₁R₂, R₃R₄ = bond; X = R₅N, S; R₅ = H, alkyl (un)substituted Ph] were prepared as hypocholesterolemic, useful in the treatment of arteriosclerosis. Δ⁸-Dehydroabietic acid in refluxing C₆H₆ was treated with SOCl₂ for 2 h. The resulting acid chloride was amidated with 1-phenyl-5-aminopyrazole in dioxane containing Et₃N to give 70% 1-phenyl-5-(Δ⁸-dehydroabietoylamino)pyrazole. I reduced serum cholesterol when administered orally to rats and mice.

IT 120899-24-3

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(6repn. of, as anticholesteremic)

IT 1740-19-8, Dehydroabietic acid

RL: PROC (Process)
(conversion of, to acid chloride)

IT 120899-16-3P 120899-17-4P 120899-20-9P
120899-21-0P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of, as anticholesteremic)

L49 ANSWER 15 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 10 Dec 1988

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:615735 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 109:215735

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 109:35613a,35616a

TITLE: Di- and triterpenoids in essential oil wastes-
from pinus, lavender, and salvia

AUTHOR(S): Khadzhieva, P.; Aleksiev, K.; Topalova, I.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Sofia Univ., Sofia, 1126, Bulg.

SOURCE: F.E.C.S. Int. Conf. Chem. Biotechnol. Biol. Act.
Nat. Prod., [Proc.], 3rd (1987), Meeting Date
1985, Volume 5, 519-24. VCH: Weinheim, Fed. Rep.

Ger.
CODEN: 56IAAB

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference
LANGUAGE: English

AB Sterols, amyryns and di- and triterpenoid acids isolated from Pinus, lavender, and salvia oil wastes are suitable for biocosmetic preps. with therapeutic-prophylactic action. The di- and triterpenoid acid fraction of Pinus coniferous waste is especially valid for antinicotinic preps.

IT 1740-19-8, Dehydroabiatic acid 5155-70-4
RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(of essential oil wastes, for cosmetic use)

L49 ANSWER 16 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 15 Apr 1988

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:137310 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 108:137310

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 108:22437a,22440a

TITLE: Organic extractables in municipal wastewater, Vancouver, British Columbia

AUTHOR(S): Rogers, Ian H.; Birtwell, Ian K.; Kruzynski, George M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: West Vancouver Lab., Dep. Fish. Oceans, West Vancouver, BC, V7V 1N6, Can.

SOURCE: Water Pollution Research Journal of Canada (1986), 21(2), 187-204
CODEN: WRJCD9; ISSN: 0197-9140

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Composite 5-7-day samples of chlorinated and unchlorinated primary-treated municipal wastewater were collected at the Iona Island treatment plant during a 62-day exposure of juvenile chinook salmon (*Oncorhynchus tshawytscha*). No differences between chlorinated and unchlorinated samples were detectable and 9 chlorinated extractables were identified. Mass spectrometric anal. of sewage and sludge exts. identified 100 base/neutral components and 60 acidic substance. Some major constituents were quantified. Fatty acids, petroleum hydrocarbons, aromatic acids, and chemical disinfectants were predominant. Toxic compds. present included chlorophenols, polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH) nonylphenols, and nonylphenolethoxylates. Tetrachlorophenol and PCP reached maximum levels of 7.8 and 13.2 µg/L, resp. The PAH were heavily concentrated in sludge samples. Nonylphenol was present in wastewater and sludge but the corresponding ethoxylates occurred only in wastewater. PCBs were detectable only in sludge. Some novel identifications included 2 substituted monochlorophenol disinfectants and 2 generic drugs.

IT 1740-19-8, Dehydroabiatic acid

RL: POL (Pollutant); OCCU (Occurrence)
(in wastewater treatment effluent and sludge,
chlorination in relation to, in Vancouver, British Columbia)

L49 ANSWER 17 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1978:7124 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 88:7124

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 88:1213a,1216a

TITLE: Abietanilide derivatives

INVENTOR(S): Murai, Hiromu; Ohata, Katsuya; Enomoto, Hiroshi; Sempuku, Kenji; Kitaguchi, Koji; Fujita, Yukuo; Yoshikuni, Yoshiaki; Kura, Kohei; Saito, Katsuhide; et al.

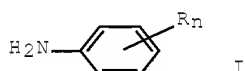
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nippon Shinyaku Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE: CODEN: JKXXAF
 LANGUAGE: Patent
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: Japanese
 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| JP 52083650 | A | 19770712 | JP 1976-238 | 19760101 |
| JP 56040150 | B | 19810918 | | |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | JP 1976-238 | A 19760101 |

GI



AB Nineteen N-(substituted phenyl)abietamides, having serum cholesterol-lowering activity (no data), were prepared by reaction of the corresponding carboxylic acids or their reactive derivs. with the anilines I (Rn = Me, Et, 3-OH-4-CO2H, etc. n=1-3). Thus, 48.4 g 2,6-xylidine was treated with an acid chloride prepared from 6.1 g Δ8-dihydroabietic acid and excess SOCl2 at room temperature with occasional shaking to give 80% N-(2,6-dimethylphenyl)- Δ8-dihydroabietamide.

IT 59861-20-OP 59861-21-1F
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)

L49 ANSWER 18 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1976:463202 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 85:63202

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 85:10185a,10188a

TITLE: Abietamide derivatives

INVENTOR(S): Murai, Hiromu; Ohata, Katsuya; Enomoto Hiroshi;
 Sempuku, Kenji; Kitaguchi, Koji; Fujita, Yukio;
 Yoshikuni, Yoshiaki; Kura, Kohei; Mori, Tamiki; et
 al.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nippon Shinyaku Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 17 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|-------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| DE 2535930 | A1 | 19760325 | DE 1975-2535930 | 19750812 |
| JP 51026864 | A | 19760305 | JP 1974-99386 | 19740828 |
| JP 52002911 | B | 19770125 | | |
| JP 51056438 | A | 19760518 | JP 1974-129295 | 19741109 |

10/591282

| | | | | |
|-------------|----|----------|----------------|----------|
| JP 52012709 | B | 19770408 | | |
| GB 1452053 | A | 19761006 | GB 1975-33442 | 19750811 |
| US 4009206 | A | 19770222 | US 1975-604308 | 19750813 |
| ZA 7505239 | A | 19760728 | ZA 1975-5239 | 19750815 |
| AU 7584046 | A | 19770106 | AU 1975-84046 | 19750818 |
| AT 7506412 | A | 19761115 | AT 1975-6412 | 19750819 |
| AT 337672 | B | 19770711 | | |
| DK 7503769 | A | 19760229 | DK 1975-3769 | 19750821 |
| CH 593920 | A5 | 19771230 | CH 1975-10977 | 19750825 |
| DD 122375 | A5 | 19761005 | DD 1975-188031 | 19750826 |
| SE 7509513 | A | 19760301 | SE 1975-9513 | 19750827 |
| SE 427655 | B | 19830425 | | |
| SE 427655 | C | 19830804 | | |
| FR 2282872 | A1 | 19760326 | FR 1975-26423 | 19750827 |
| FR 2282872 | B1 | 19790914 | | |
| ES 440514 | A1 | 19770301 | ES 1975-440514 | 19750827 |
| CA 1055514 | A1 | 19790529 | CA 1975-234236 | 19750827 |
| BE 832868 | A1 | 19751216 | BE 1975-159569 | 19750828 |
| NL 7510199 | A | 19760302 | NL 1975-10199 | 19750828 |
| NL 166010 | B | 19810115 | | |
| NL 166010 | C | 19810615 | | |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 1974-99386 A 19740828

JP 1974-129295 A 19741109

AB Abietic acid anhydride and tetrahydro-, Δ^8 -dihydro-, and dehydroabietic acid or their reactive derivs. reacted with $RnC_6H_5-(CH_2)_mNH_2$ ($R = NO_2, Cl, MeO, EtO, Me, CF_3$, etc.; $m = 0,1$) to give the corresponding abietamides. Thus, Δ^8 -dihydroabietic acid chloride was treated with 2,6-Me₂C₆H₃NH₂ to give 80% N-(2,6-dimethylphenyl)- Δ^8 -dihydroabietamide (I). Among 24 abietamides prepared I, N-(2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)dihydroabietamide, and N-(4-chlorobenzyl)- Δ^8 -dihydroabietamide decreased blood cholesterol level in rats when fed at >0.003% concns. in food.

IT 59861-20-0P 59861-21-1P 59861-25-5P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)

IT 1740-19-8

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(reaction with amines)

L49 ANSWER 19 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1976:105851 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 84:105851

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 84:17251a,17254a

TITLE: Abietamide derivatives

INVENTOR(S): Murai, Hiromu; Ohata, Katsuya; Enomoto, Hiroshi;
Sempuku, Kenji; Kitaguchi, Koji; Fujita, Yokio;
Yoshikuni, Yoshiaki; Kura, Kohei; Saito,
Katsuhide; et al.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nippon Shinyaku Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 11 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------|------|------|-----------------|------|
|------------|------|------|-----------------|------|

10/591282

| | | | | |
|------------------------|----|----------|-----------------|------------|
| DE 2519943 | A1 | 19751204 | DE 1975-2519943 | 19750505 |
| DE 2519943 | B2 | 19770707 | | |
| JP 50151859 | A | 19751206 | JP 1974-55758 | 19740517 |
| JP 52002910 | B | 19770125 | | |
| ES 437054 | A1 | 19770116 | ES 1975-437054 | 19750426 |
| GB 1500017 | A | 19780208 | GB 1975-18173 | 19750501 |
| AU 7581011 | A | 19761111 | AU 1975-81011 | 19750509 |
| NL 7505521 | A | 19751119 | NL 1975-5521 | 19750511 |
| NL 165931 | B | 19810115 | | |
| NL 165931 | C | 19810615 | | |
| US 4210671 | A | 19800701 | US 1975-576303 | 19750512 |
| DK 7502110 | A | 19751118 | DK 1975-2110 | 19750514 |
| BE 829145 | A1 | 19750901 | BE 1975-156413 | 19750515 |
| SE 7505595 | A | 19751118 | SE 1975-5595 | 19750515 |
| SE 425850 | B | 19821115 | | |
| SE 425850 | C | 19830224 | | |
| DD 119219 | A5 | 19760412 | DD 1975-186068 | 19750515 |
| CH 610294 | A5 | 19790412 | CH 1975-6279 | 19750515 |
| FR 2270854 | A1 | 19751212 | FR 1975-15431 | 19750516 |
| FR 2270854 | B1 | 19800125 | | |
| ZA 7503180 | A | 19760428 | ZA 1975-3180 | 19750516 |
| CA 1034594 | A1 | 19780711 | CA 1975-227171 | 19750516 |
| AT 7503764 | A | 19790615 | AT 1975-3764 | 19750516 |
| AT 354469 | B | 19790110 | | |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | JP 1974-55758 | A 19740517 |

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 84:105851

AB About 30 N-alkyl-, -alkenyl-, -cycloalkyl-, or -arylabietamides, useful as anticholesteremics, were prepared by treating the parent acid, its acid chloride, or its anhydride with the appropriate amine. Thus, 3.06 g tetrahydroabietic acid was treated with excess SOCl₂ and the acid chloride treated with 3.22 g PhCH₂NH₂ to give 3.01 g N-benzyltetrahydroabietamide.

IT 58508-46-6P 58508-50-2P 58508-58-0P
58508-59-1P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)

IT 1740-19-8

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(reaction with amines)

L49 ANSWER 20 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1972:94761 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 76:94761

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 76:15213a,15216a

TITLE: Antiarrhythmic effect of diethylamino ethylamide of dehydroabietic acid (compound E-25), quinidine, and procaine amide in k-strophanthin-induced arrhythmia in anesthetized dogs

AUTHOR(S): Vrbovsky, L.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Ustav Exp. Farmakol., Slov. Akad. Ved, Bratislava, Czech.

SOURCE: Bratislavske Lekarske Listy (1971), 56(2), 161-79
CODEN: BLLIAX; ISSN: 0006-9248

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Slovak

AB K-strophanthin (I)-induced ventricular tachycardia in dogs (4 groups, 10 each, 0.15 mg I/kg, i.v.) was reversed to sinus rhythm in 60% of the dogs after i.v. injection of dehydroabietic acid diethylaminoethylamide (II) [27527-13-5] (5

mg/kg), in 30% after i.v. quinidine [56-54-2], and in 10% after i.v. procaine amide [51-06-9] (with each treatment given every 5 min). The high ventricular rate caused by I was decreased gradually with successive administration of the above drugs and the frequency of renewed sinus rhythm did not differ significantly from its initial value.

IT 27527-13-5

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU
(Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(antiarrhythmic activity of)

L49 ANSWER 21 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 22 Apr 2001

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1964:9930 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 60:9930

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 60:1801b-h,1802a-d

TITLE: Stereochemistry in the agathic acid series

AUTHOR(S): Bory, Sonia; Fetizon, Marcel; Laszlo, Pierre

CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Chim. Substances Nat., Gif-sur-Yvette

SOURCE: Bulletin de la Societe Chimique de France (1963),
(10), 2310-22

CODEN: BSCFAS; ISSN: 0037-8968

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Unavailable

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB Study of the side chain of agathic acid (I) ($R = R' = H$) (Ia) indicates the trans-configuration for the methylhydrogen. The isoagathic acid (II) of Ruzicka and Hosking (CA 25, 1232), arising from the acid-catalyzed cyclization of Ia, has the structure and stereochemistry 8β -methyl, Δ 12 (not Δ 13). The rotatory dispersions, circular dichroisms, mass spectra, and nuclear magnetic resonance of a large number of related compds. are described and discussed. To a solution of 591 mg. I ($R = R' = Me$) in 10 ml. Et₂O at 0° was added 1.1 g. LiAlH₄ suspended in 15 ml. ether and the mixture left overnight at room-temperature. The product (502 mg.) chromatographed on 15 g. alumina (grade I) and eluted with ligroine-ether (3:1) gave agathadiol, m. 104-5° (ether-ligroine), $[\alpha]_D^{25} 35.5^\circ$ (c 0.45, CHCl₃, in which solvent all rotations were measured), ν 3600, 1637, 888, and 1022 cm.⁻¹ (OH, C=C, C:CH₂, and C-O, resp.). I ($R = R' = Me$) (1.076 g.) in 20 ml. 98% HCO₂H was kept at 70° for 1 hr., HCO₂H removed, and the residual product refluxed 3 hrs. with ethanolic N-KOH to give 525 mg. II ($R = R' = Me$) (III) as a neutral fraction, m. 121° (MeOH), $[\alpha]_D^{25} 8.8^\circ$ (c 0.92), ν 1730, 1435, 1389, 1232, 1188, 1159 (intense), 1149, 805 cm.⁻¹; 560 mg. of an acidic fraction was also obtained. I ($R = Me$, $R' = H$) (19.2 g.) and 100 ml. HCO₂H was kept 1 hr. at 70° to give an acidic fraction (19 g.), esterified by refluxing in 180 ml. MeOH containing 10 ml. H₂SO₄. There was obtained 9.8 g. of a neutral fraction and 6.9 g. of an acidic fraction. The latter (II $R = Me$, $R' = H$) m. 187-95°, ν 1733, 1704 cm.⁻¹ With CH₂N₂ in Et₂O was formed III, m. 121°, identical with the authentic diester. Hydrogenation of 2.617 g. III in 22 ml. HOAc at 80 kg./cm.² for 6 hrs. in the presence of PtO₂ gave IV ($R = Me$, $R' = H$) (V), m. 160-2° (aqueous MeOH), $[\alpha]_D^{25} 12.6^\circ$ (c 1.5), ν 1730, 1706, 1233, 1189, 1156, 1147 (intense) cm.⁻¹ Methylation with CH₂N₂ gave IV ($R = R' = Me$), m. 108-9°, $[\alpha]_D^{25} 9.5^\circ$ (c 0.85), ν 1733, 1236, 1189, 1161 (intense) cm.⁻¹ To MgMgI (from 0.75 g. and 2.5 ml. MeI in 20 ml. Et₂O) was added 2.5 g. anhydrous CdCl₂ in small portions and the mixture refluxed 45 min. The Michler's ketone test being negative, the Et₂O was replaced by 10 ml. C₆H₆ and to the solution was added the acid chloride from 3.6 g. V (prepared using 10 ml. oxalyl chloride). After refluxing for 1 hr. the neutral fraction of the product was chromatographed on alumina (grade III) and eluted with ligroine-benzene (19:1) to give Me 8β , 13β -dimethyl-14 β -acetyl-4 β -podocarpanoate (VI), m. 142-3° (MeOH), $[\alpha]_D^{25} 45^\circ$ (c 1.0), ν 1727, 1709, 1351, 1233, 1186, 1155 cm.⁻¹ VI was recovered unchanged after heating

with MeOH-KOH for 18 hr. VI (1.566 g.) in 15 ml. CH₂Cl₂ was kept with a solution of trifluoroacetic acid (from 3 ml. trifluoroacetic anhydride and 0.4 ml. H₂O₂ in 10 ml. CH₂Cl₂) at 4° for 18 hrs. Chromatography of the crude product on alumina (grade I) gave Me 8 β ,13 β -dimethyl-14 β -acetoxy-4 β -podocarpanoate (VII), m. 157-9° (aqueous MeOH), [α]_D 25° (c 1.0), ν 1730, 1370, 1238, 1190, 1155 cm.⁻¹ When heated in 10 ml. 10% ethanolic KOH for 3 hrs., 255 mg. VII gave, after chromatography, the 14 β -hydroxy-4 β -podocarpanoate (VIII), m. 143-4° (aqueous MeOH), [α]_D 14° (c 0.17), ν 1733, 1232, 1190, 1155, 1067, 3670 cm.⁻¹ Oxidation of 129 mg. VIII with 81 mg. CrO₃ in 3 ml. HOAc gave Me 8 β ,13 α -dimethyl-14-oxo-4 β -podocarpanoate (IX), m. 118-19°, [α]_D 50.8° (c 1.2), ν 1735, 1715, 1232, 1193, 1155 cm.⁻¹ To 2.2 g. V in 60 ml. Et₂O was added 30 ml. of a LiMe solution (made by reaction of 3 g. Li and 34 g. MeI in 65 ml. Et₂O, filtration, and dilution to 100 ml.) under N; stirring 2 hrs. at room temperature and leaving overnight gave 2.03 g. X (R = H), m. 214-16° (MeOH), [α]_D 23° (c 0.82), ν 1713, 1357 cm.⁻¹ X (R = Me) m. 130-2° (MeOH), [α]_D 16° (c 0.82), ν 1736, 1698, 1350, 1186, 1161 cm.⁻¹ II (R = Me, R' = H) (1.5 g.) was heated at 290° and 14 mm. for 15 min. The neutral fraction purified by chromatography (alumina grade I, eluant 49:1 ligroine-ether) gave Me 8 β ,13-dimethyl-13(14)-podocarpene-4 β -oate (XI), m. 88-9° (MeOH), [α]_D -27° (c 1.01), ν 1733, 1232, 1192, 1168, 1152, 1139 cm.⁻¹ (purified by gas chromatography). XI was isomerized by refluxing for 1 hr. in 98% HCO₂H to give Me 8 β ,13-dimethyl-12(13)-podocarpene-4 β -oate (XII), m. 116-18° (MeOH), [α]_D 70° (c 0.77), ν 1733, 1235, 1193, 1170, 1149, 747 cm.⁻¹ Hydrogenation of XI in HOAc (PtO₂ at atmospheric press.) gave Me 8 β ,13 β -dimethyl- β -podocarpanoate, m. 82-3° (MeOH), [α]_D 32° (c 0.31), ν 1733, 1237, 1195, 1171, 1159 cm.⁻¹ XII (292 mg.), 15 ml. CHCl₃, and 350 mg. p-nitroperbenzoic acid (XIII) left at room-temperature for 6 hrs. gave crude Me 8 β ,13 β -dimethyl-12 α ,13 α -epoxy-4 β -podocarpanoate, which could not be purified [no reaction with C(NO)₄]. Treatment of 320 mg. crude epoxide in 30 ml. C₆H₆ with 0.3 ml. BF₃ etherate overnight gave, after purification, XIV, m. 112-3° (aqueous MeOH), [α]_D -1° (c 1.48), ν 1730, 2840, 2725, 1229, 1190, 1150 cm.⁻¹, together with Me 8 β ,13 α -dimethyl-12-oxo-podocarpan-4 β -oate, m. 137-9° (aqueous MeOH), [α]_D 28° (c 1.2), ν 1730, 1715, 1428, 1236, 1195, 1170, 1159 cm.⁻¹ Crude Me 8 β ,13 β -dimethyl-13 α ,14 α -epoxy-4 β -podocarpanoate (558 mg.) (XV) was prepared by treatment of 485 mg. XI with 600 mg. XIII for 6 hrs. at room-temperature XV (530 mg.) in 50 ml. dry C₆H₆ was kept with 0.3 ml. BF₃ etherate for 15 hrs. to give 509 mg. product, which was refluxed 3 hrs. with 12 ml. 10% ethanolic KOH to give X, m. 117-9°. Reduction of 255 mg. X with 257 mg. NaBH₄ in 10 ml. aqueous MeOH gave 250 mg. Me 8 β ,13 α -dimethyl-14 β -hydroxy-4 β -podocarpanoate (XVI), m. 165-7° (aqueous MeOH), [α]_D 30.8° (c 1.23), ν 1730, 1229, 1189, 1155, 1059 cm.⁻¹ Acetylation of XVI with Ac₂O-pyridine gave the 14 β -acetoxy analog, m. 160-2° (aqueous MeOH), [α]_D 55 (c 1.08), ν 1730, 1365, 1240, 1190, 1155 cm.⁻¹ Structures were assigned to most of the infrared frequencies given. 49 references.

- IT 17829-02-6, Labda-8(20),13-diene-15,19-dioic acid
(compds. related to, stereochemistry of)
- IT 1857-24-5P, Labda-8(20),13-diene-15,19-diol
RL: PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)
- IT 17829-02-6, Labda-8(20),13-diene-15,19-dioic acid
(stereochemistry of)

L49 ANSWER 22 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
ED Entered STN: 22 Apr 2001
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1959:17423 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 53:17423

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 53:3272b-g
 TITLE: 6-Aryloxyacyldehydroabietic acid esters
 INVENTOR(S): Hoehn, Willard M.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): G.D. Searle and Co.
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Unavailable
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------|------|----------|-----------------|------|
| US 2846463 | | 19580805 | US | |

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB I were prepared, where Ar is an aromatic radical of less than 9 C atoms and R is an aliphatic radical of less than 9 C atoms. The I are active as estrogenic agents and as agents which produce useful effects in the transport and metabolism of cholesterol (II), reduce the serum ratio of II to phospholipides, are useful in the treatment of hypercholesterolemia, and are active antibacterial agents. Me dehydroabietate 31.5 and p-ClC₆H₄OCH₂COC1 20.5 in PhNO₂ 360 treated at 0-5° with AlCl₃ 26 parts during 15 min., the mixture stirred 1 hr. at 0-5°, kept 48 hrs. at 0-10°, poured into ice H₂O 500, the PhNO₂ layer washed with H₂O 500 in 5 portions, 2% aqueous NaOH 200 in 2 portions, and with H₂O until neutral, the PhNO₂ steam distilled, the oily H₂O-insol. product which remained separated, the product dried in C₆H₆ solution, the C₆H₆ evaporated, the crude product dissolved in a min. amount of 20% C₆H₆-petr. ether (III), the solution poured on SiO₂ 1500 in a column, impurities removed by washing the column successively with 30% C₆H₆-III 3200, 40% C₆H₆-III 800, 60% C₆H₆-III 800, 80% C₆H₆-III 1600, 90% C₆H₆-III 8500, C₆H₆ 3600, and 2% EtOAc-C₆H₆ 5400, the column eluted further with 2% EtOAc-C₆H₆ (principal fraction eluted), and the appropriate fractions combined and fractionated gave Me 6-(p-chlorophenoxyacetyl)dehydroabie tate, b_{0.02} 220-5°, λ 260 mμ (ε 7000). The following I were prepared similarly [Ar, R, b.p./mm., λ (mμ), ε given]: 2-ClC₆H₄, Me, -, -, -; 4-BrC₆H₄, Et, 255-60°/0.02, 260, 7500; ClCH₂, Me, m. 119-20°, -, -, -; 4,2-Me(MeO)C₆H₃, Me, 185-90°/0.04, 260, 9500; 4-EtOC₆H₄, Me, -, -, -; Ph, Me, 215-18°/0.04, 261, 10,100; 4-MeC₆H₄, Me, -, -, -.

IT 1740-19-8, Abietic acid, dehydro-
 (derivs.)

=> sel hit 149 1-22 rn
 E839 THROUGH E865 ASSIGNED

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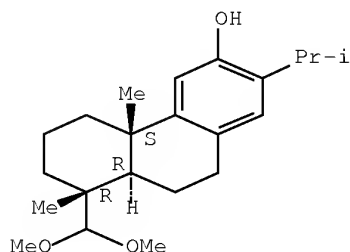
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 58508-46-6/BI OR 58508-50-2/BI OR 58508-58-0/BI OR
 58508-59-1/BI OR 59861-25-5/BI OR 864494-92-8/BI)

L50 ANSWER 1 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 RN 864494-92-8 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 05 Oct 2005
 CN 3-Phenanthrenol, 8-(dimethoxymethyl)-4b,5,6,7,8,8a,9,10-octahydro-4b,8-
 dimethyl-2-(1-methylethyl)-, (4bS,8R,8aR)- (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS STEREOSEARCH
 MF C22 H34 O3

10/591282

SR CA
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

Absolute stereochemistry.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

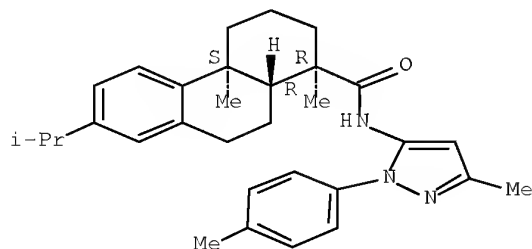
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 145:266831

REFERENCE 2: 143:311932

L50 ANSWER 2 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
RN 120899-24-3 REGISTRY
ED Entered STN: 26 May 1989
CN 1-Phenanthrenecarboxamide, 1,2,3,4,4a,9,10,10a-octahydro-1,4a-dimethyl-
7-(1-methylethyl)-N-[3-methyl-1-(4-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]-,
[1R-(1 α ,4 α ,10 α)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
FS STEREOSEARCH
MF C31 H39 N3 O
SR CA
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

Absolute stereochemistry.



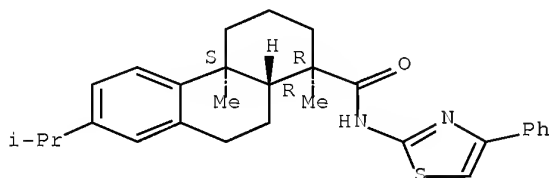
PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 110:231929

L50 ANSWER 3 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 RN 120899-21-0 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 26 May 1989
 CN 1-Phenanthrenecarboxamide, 1,2,3,4,4a,9,10,10a-octahydro-1,4a-dimethyl-
 7-(1-methylethyl)-N-(4-phenyl-2-thiazolyl)-, [1R-
 (1 α ,4 $\alpha\beta$,10 $\alpha\alpha$)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS STEREOSEARCH
 MF C29 H34 N2 O S
 SR CA
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

Absolute stereochemistry.



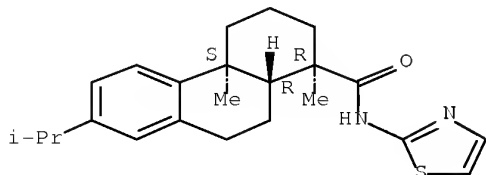
PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 110:231929

L50 ANSWER 4 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 RN 120899-20-9 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 26 May 1989
 CN 1-Phenanthrenecarboxamide, 1,2,3,4,4a,9,10,10a-octahydro-1,4a-dimethyl-
 7-(1-methylethyl)-N-2-thiazolyl-, (1R,4aS,10aR)- (CA INDEX NAME)
 OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
 CN 1-Phenanthrenecarboxamide, 1,2,3,4,4a,9,10,10a-octahydro-1,4a-dimethyl-
 7-(1-methylethyl)-N-2-thiazolyl-, [1R-(1 α ,4 $\alpha\beta$,10 $\alpha\alpha$)]-
 FS STEREOSEARCH
 MF C23 H30 N2 O S
 SR CA
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



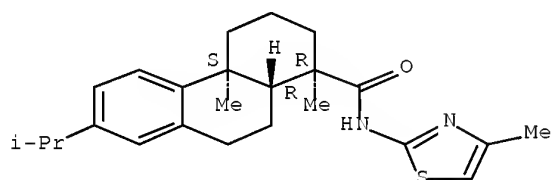
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
 2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 144:362548

REFERENCE 2: 110:231929

L50 ANSWER 5 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 RN 120899-17-4 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 26 May 1989
 CN 1-Phenanthrenecarboxamide, 1,2,3,4,4a,9,10,10a-octahydro-1,4a-dimethyl-
 7-(1-methylethyl)-N-(4-methyl-2-thiazolyl)-, [1R-
 (1 α ,4 α β ,10 $\alpha\alpha$)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS STEREOSEARCH
 MF C24 H32 N2 O S
 SR CA
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

Absolute stereochemistry.



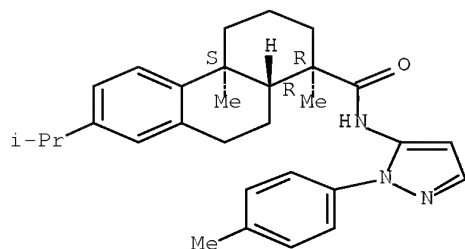
PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 110:231929

L50 ANSWER 6 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 RN 120899-16-3 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 26 May 1989
 CN 1-Phenanthrenecarboxamide, 1,2,3,4,4a,9,10,10a-octahydro-1,4a-dimethyl-
 7-(1-methylethyl)-N-[1-(4-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]-,
 [1R-(1 α ,4 α β ,10 $\alpha\alpha$)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS STEREOSEARCH
 MF C30 H37 N3 O
 SR CA
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

Absolute stereochemistry.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 110:231929

L50 ANSWER 7 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

RN 108904-92-3 REGISTRY

ED Entered STN: 28 Jun 1987

CN 1-Phenanthrenecarboxaldehyde, 1,2,3,4,4a,9,10,10a-octahydro-6-hydroxy-1,4a-dimethyl-7-(1-methylethyl)-, (1R,4aS,10aR)- (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 1-Phenanthrenecarboxaldehyde, 1,2,3,4,4a,9,10,10a-octahydro-6-hydroxy-1,4a-dimethyl-7-(1-methylethyl)-, [1R-(1 α ,4 $\alpha\beta$,10 $\alpha\alpha$)]-

OTHER NAMES:

CN (+)-18-Oxoferruginol

CN 18-Oxoferruginol

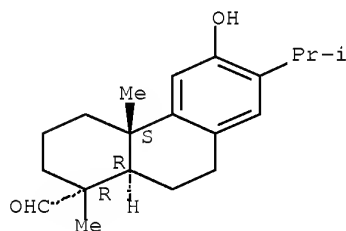
FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C20 H28 O2

SR CA

LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, CA, CAPLUS, NAPRALERT, USPATFULL
(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

7 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
7 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 143:311932

REFERENCE 2: 139:176733

REFERENCE 3: 128:45836

REFERENCE 4: 125:116985

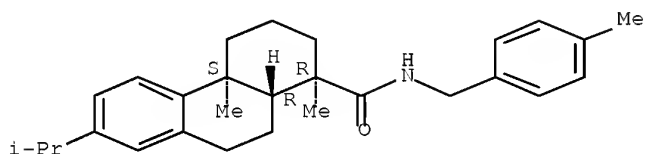
REFERENCE 5: 113:2017

REFERENCE 6: 110:230445

REFERENCE 7: 107:20742

L50 ANSWER 8 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 RN 59861-25-5 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984
 CN 1-Phenanthrenecarboxamide, 1,2,3,4,4a,9,10,10a-octahydro-1,4a-dimethyl-7-(1-methylethyl)-N-[(4-methylphenyl)methyl]-, [1R-(1 α ,4 α β ,10 $\alpha\alpha$)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS STEREOSEARCH
 MF C28 H37 N O
 LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAPLUS, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, USPATFULL
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry.



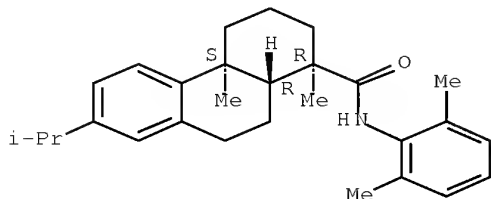
PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 85:63202

L50 ANSWER 9 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 RN 59861-21-1 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984
 CN 1-Phenanthrenecarboxamide, N-(2,6-dimethylphenyl)-1,2,3,4,4a,9,10,10a-octahydro-1,4a-dimethyl-7-(1-methylethyl)-, [1R-(1 α ,4 α β ,10 $\alpha\alpha$)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS STEREOSEARCH
 MF C28 H37 N O
 LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAPLUS, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, USPATFULL
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry.



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PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

3 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
3 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

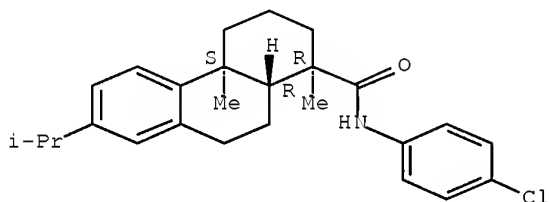
REFERENCE 1: 123:169930

REFERENCE 2: 88:7124

REFERENCE 3: 85:63202

L50 ANSWER 10 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
RN 59861-20-0 REGISTRY
ED Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984
CN 1-Phenanthrenecarboxamide, N-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,2,3,4,4a,9,10,10a-octahydro-1,4a-dimethyl-7-(1-methylethyl)-, [1R-(1 α ,4 α β ,10 $\alpha\alpha$)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
FS STEREOSEARCH
MF C26 H32 Cl N O
LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAPLUS, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, USPATFULL
(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry.



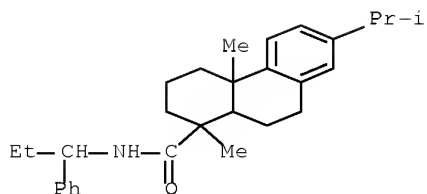
PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 88:7124

REFERENCE 2: 85:63202

L50 ANSWER 11 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
RN 58508-59-1 REGISTRY
ED Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984
CN 1-Phenanthrenecarboxamide, 1,2,3,4,4a,9,10,10a-octahydro-1,4a-dimethyl-7-(1-methylethyl)-N-(1-phenylpropyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)
MF C29 H39 N O
LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL
(*File contains numerically searchable property data)



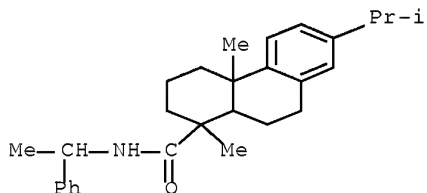
PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 93:377

REFERENCE 2: 84:105851

L50 ANSWER 12 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
RN 58508-58-0 REGISTRY
ED Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984
CN 1-Phenanthrenecarboxamide, 1,2,3,4,4a,9,10,10a-octahydro-1,4a-dimethyl-7-(1-methylethyl)-N-(1-phenylethyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)
MF C28 H37 N O
LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL
(*File contains numerically searchable property data)



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 93:377

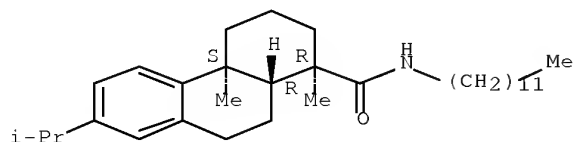
REFERENCE 2: 84:105851

L50 ANSWER 13 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
RN 58508-50-2 REGISTRY
ED Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984
CN 1-Phenanthrenecarboxamide, N-dodecyl-1,2,3,4,4a,9,10,10a-octahydro-1,4a-dimethyl-7-(1-methylethyl)-, (1R,4aS,10aR)- (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
CN 1-Phenanthrenecarboxamide, N-dodecyl-1,2,3,4,4a,9,10,10a-octahydro-1,4a-dimethyl-7-(1-methylethyl)-, [1R-(1 α ,4a β ,10a α)]-
FS STEREOSEARCH

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MF C32 H53 N O
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

Absolute stereochemistry.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

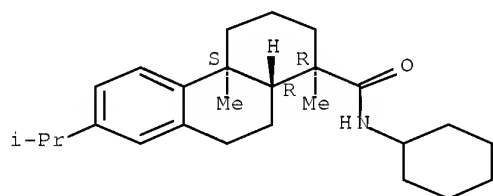
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
1 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 129:303265

REFERENCE 2: 84:105851

L50 ANSWER 14 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
RN 58508-46-6 REGISTRY
ED Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984
CN 1-Phenanthrenecarboxamide, N-cyclohexyl-1,2,3,4,4a,9,10,10a-octahydro-1,4a-dimethyl-7-(1-methylethyl)-, [1R-(1α,4αβ,10α)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
FS STEREOSEARCH
MF C26 H39 N O
LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL
(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

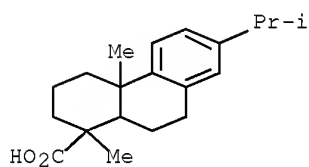
REFERENCE 1: 93:377

REFERENCE 2: 84:105851

L50 ANSWER 15 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
RN 57055-39-7 REGISTRY

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ED Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984
CN 1-Phenanthrenecarboxylic acid, dichloro-1,2,3,4,4a,9,10,10a-octahydro-1,4a-dimethyl-7-(1-methylethyl)-, (1R,4aS,10aR)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
CN 1-Phenanthrenecarboxylic acid, dichloro-1,2,3,4,4a,9,10,10a-octahydro-1,4a-dimethyl-7-(1-methylethyl)-, [1R-(1 α ,4 $\alpha\beta$,10 $\alpha\alpha$)]-
OTHER NAMES:
CN Dichlorodehydroabietic acid
MF C20 H26 Cl2 O2
CI IDS
LC STN Files: AQUIRE, BIOSIS, CA, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, PIRA, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL
Other Sources: DSL**
(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)



2 (D1-C1)

30 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
30 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 149:24954
REFERENCE 2: 141:308737
REFERENCE 3: 141:308729
REFERENCE 4: 139:41301
REFERENCE 5: 139:41284
REFERENCE 6: 137:358082
REFERENCE 7: 129:85555
REFERENCE 8: 124:281459
REFERENCE 9: 121:90787
REFERENCE 10: 120:127051

L50 ANSWER 16 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
RN 35926-32-6 REGISTRY
ED Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984
CN 1-Phenanthrenecarboxamide, 1,2,3,4,4a,9,10,10a-octahydro-1,4a-dimethyl-7-(1-methylethyl)-, (1R,4aS,10aR)- (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 1-Phenanthrenecarboxamide, 1,2,3,4,4a,9,10,10a-octahydro-1,4a-dimethyl-7-(1-methylethyl)-, [1R-(1 α ,4 α β ,10 α)]-

CN Podocarpa-8,11,13-trien-15-amide, 13-isopropyl- (7CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN (+)-Dehydroabietamide

CN 13-Isopropylpodocarpa-8,11,13-trien-15-amide

CN Dehydroabietamide

CN Dehydroabietic amide

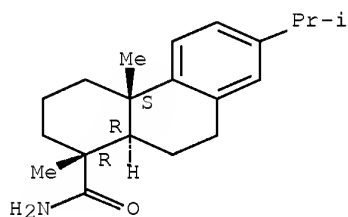
CN Dehydroabietyl amide

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C20 H29 N O

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CSCHM, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL, USPATOLD
(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

20 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
2 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
20 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 148:554111

REFERENCE 2: 146:380136

REFERENCE 3: 133:43660

REFERENCE 4: 129:41247

REFERENCE 5: 121:107577

REFERENCE 6: 109:129380

REFERENCE 7: 98:138892

REFERENCE 8: 93:377

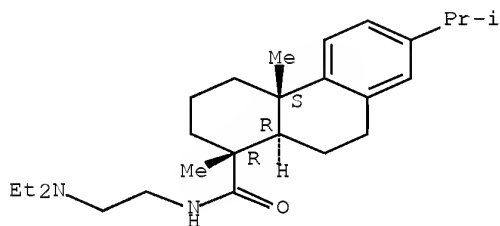
REFERENCE 9: 92:175065

REFERENCE 10: 88:122447

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L50 ANSWER 17 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
RN 27527-13-5 REGISTRY
ED Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984
CN 1-Phenanthrenecarboxamide, N-[2-(diethylamino)ethyl]-
1,2,3,4,4a,9,10,10a-octahydro-1,4a-dimethyl-7-(1-methylethyl)-,
[1R-(1 α ,4 $\alpha\beta$,10 α)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
CN Podocarpa-8,11,13-trien-15-amide, N-[2-(diethylamino)ethyl]-13-
isopropyl- (8CI)
OTHER NAMES:
CN Dehydroabietic acid diethylaminoethylamide
FS STEREOSEARCH
MF C26 H42 N2 O
CI COM
LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAPLUS
(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

4 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
4 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 77:160082

REFERENCE 2: 76:94761

REFERENCE 3: 72:53491

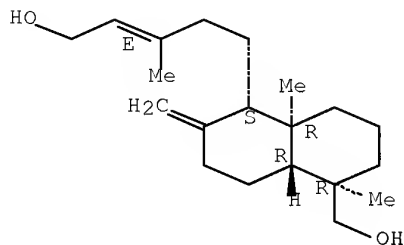
REFERENCE 4: 60:45877

L50 ANSWER 18 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
RN 26296-35-5 REGISTRY
ED Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984
CN 1-Naphthalenemethanol, decahydro-5-[(3E)-5-hydroxy-3-methyl-3-penten-1-yl]-1,4a-dimethyl-6-methylene-, (1R,4aR,5S,8aR)- (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
CN 1-Naphthalenemethanol, decahydro-5-(5-hydroxy-3-methyl-3-pentenyl)-1,4a-dimethyl-6-methylene-, [1R-[1 α ,4 $\alpha\beta$,5 β (E),8 α .alpha.]]-
CN 1-Naphthalenemethanol, decahydro-5-[(3E)-5-hydroxy-3-methyl-3-pentenyl]-1,4a-dimethyl-6-methylene-, (1R,4aR,5S,8aR)- (9CI)
CN Labda-8(20),13-diene-15,18-diol, (E)- (8CI)
OTHER NAMES:
CN 4-Epiagathadiol
CN Kayadiol

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FS STEREOSEARCH
MF C20 H34 O2
LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, CA, CAPLUS, NAPRALERT, USPATFULL
(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

9 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
9 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

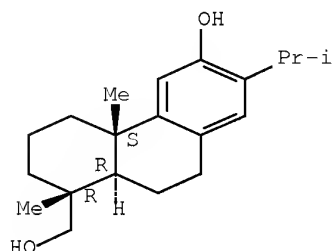
REFERENCE 1: 148:139580
REFERENCE 2: 143:311932
REFERENCE 3: 139:176733
REFERENCE 4: 107:20742
REFERENCE 5: 93:182799
REFERENCE 6: 75:141009
REFERENCE 7: 75:121385
REFERENCE 8: 75:64021
REFERENCE 9: 74:10350

L50 ANSWER 19 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
RN 22595-48-8 REGISTRY
ED Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984
CN 1-Phenanthrenemethanol, 1,2,3,4,4a,9,10,10a-octahydro-6-hydroxy-1,4a-dimethyl-7-(1-methylethyl)-, (1R,4aS,10aR)- (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
CN 1-Phenanthrenemethanol, 1,2,3,4,4a,9,10,10a-octahydro-6-hydroxy-1,4a-dimethyl-7-(1-methylethyl)-, [1R-(1 α ,4a β ,10a α)]-
CN Abietinol, 6-hydroxydehydro- (4CI)
CN Abietyl alcohol, dehydro-6-hydroxy- (6CI)
CN Podocarpa-8,11,13-triene-12,15-diol, 13-isopropyl- (8CI)
OTHER NAMES:
CN 12-Hydroxydehydroabietinol

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CN 13-Isopropylpodocarpa-8,11,13-triene-12,15-diol
FS STEREOSEARCH
MF C20 H30 O2
LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS,
TOXCENTER, USPATFULL, USPATOLD
(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

22 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
23 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 149:54114
REFERENCE 2: 146:317063
REFERENCE 3: 143:311932
REFERENCE 4: 139:194395
REFERENCE 5: 139:176733
REFERENCE 6: 136:170431
REFERENCE 7: 125:116985
REFERENCE 8: 123:112443
REFERENCE 9: 119:266485
REFERENCE 10: 113:2017

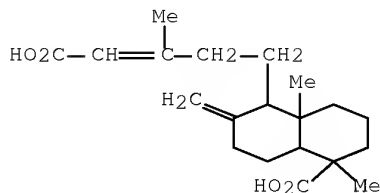
L50 ANSWER 20 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
RN 17829-02-6 REGISTRY
ED Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984
CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxylic acid, 5-(4-carboxy-3-methyl-3-butenyl)decahydro-1,4a-dimethyl-6-methylene- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
CN 1-Naphthoic acid, 5-(4-carboxy-3-methyl-3-butenyl)decahydro-1,4a-dimethyl-6-methylene- (6CI, 8CI)
CN Labda-8(20),13-diene-15,19-dioic acid (7CI)

10/591282

MF C20 H30 O4

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

13 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
13 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)
9 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 71:61580

REFERENCE 2: 65:108201

REFERENCE 3: 65:108200

REFERENCE 4: 65:108199

REFERENCE 5: 65:65681

REFERENCE 6: 62:66699

REFERENCE 7: 62:30803

REFERENCE 8: 61:32645

REFERENCE 9: 60:89989

REFERENCE 10: 60:23567

L50 ANSWER 21 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

RN 13742-23-9 REGISTRY

ED Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984

CN 1-Phenanthrenecarboxylic acid, 1,2,3,4,4a,9,10,10a-octahydro-6-hydroxy-1,4a-dimethyl-7-(1-methylethyl)-, methyl ester, (1R,4aS,10aR)- (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 1-Phenanthrenecarboxylic acid, 1,2,3,4,4a,9,10,10a-octahydro-6-hydroxy-1,4a-dimethyl-7-(1-methylethyl)-, methyl ester, [1R-(1 α ,4 $\alpha\beta$,10 $\alpha\alpha$)]-

CN Abietic acid, 6-hydroxydehydro-, Me ester (4CI)

CN Abietic acid, dehydro-6-hydroxy-, methyl ester (6CI)

CN Podocarpa-8,11,13-trien-15-oic acid, 12-hydroxy-13-isopropyl-, methyl ester (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

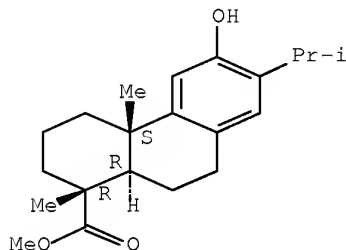
CN Methyl 12-hydroxydehydroabietate

CN NSC 146206

10/591282

CN Torreyagrandate
FS STEREOSEARCH
DR 16981-52-5
MF C21 H30 O3
LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS,
CASREACT, NAPRALERT, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL, USPATOLD
(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

37 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
37 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 149:54114
REFERENCE 2: 146:317063
REFERENCE 3: 145:266831
REFERENCE 4: 143:311932
REFERENCE 5: 141:236615
REFERENCE 6: 139:176733
REFERENCE 7: 139:143346
REFERENCE 8: 125:116985
REFERENCE 9: 113:2017
REFERENCE 10: 111:115634

L50 ANSWER 22 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

RN 5835-26-7 REGISTRY

ED Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984

CN 1-Phenanthrenecarboxylic acid, 7-ethenyl-1,2,3,4,4a,4b,5,6,7,8,10,10a-dodecahydro-1,4a,7-trimethyl-, (1R,4aR,4bS,7S,10aR)- (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 1-Phenanthrenecarboxylic acid, 7-ethenyl-1,2,3,4,4a,4b,5,6,7,8,10,10a-dodecahydro-1,4a,7-trimethyl-, [1R-(1 α ,4 α β ,4 β α ,7. α ph

a.,10aa)]-

CN Isopimaric acid (6CI)

CN Podocarp-7-en-15-oic acid, 13 β -methyl-13-vinyl- (7CI)

CN Podocarp-7-en-15-oic acid, 13 β -methyl-13-vinyl-, (-)- (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN (+)-Isopimaric acid

CN Δ 7,15-Isopimaric acid

CN 7,15-Isopimaradien-18-oic acid

CN Isopimaric acid A

FS STEREOSEARCH

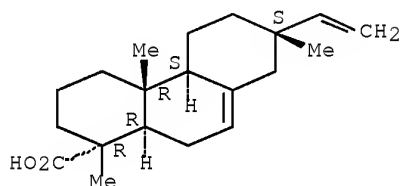
DR 7201-52-7, 107631-59-4

MF C20 H30 O2

CI COM

LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, AQUIRE, BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO,
CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CSCHEM, DDFU,
DRUGU, EMBASE, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, NAPRALERT, PIRA, RTECS*,
SPECINFO, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL
(*File contains numerically searchable property data)
Other Sources: DSL**
(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

Absolute stereochemistry.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

721 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
11 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
724 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)
35 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 149:24954

REFERENCE 2: 148:576748

REFERENCE 3: 148:442466

REFERENCE 4: 148:386506

REFERENCE 5: 148:374094

REFERENCE 6: 148:361668

REFERENCE 7: 148:351251

REFERENCE 8: 148:49811

REFERENCE 9: 148:44788

REFERENCE 10: 147:482935

L50 ANSWER 23 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

RN 5155-70-4 REGISTRY

ED Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984

CN 1-Phenanthrenecarboxylic acid, 1,2,3,4,4a,9,10,10a-octahydro-1,4a-dimethyl-7-(1-methylethyl)-, (1S,4aS,10aR)- (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 1-Phenanthrenecarboxylic acid, 1,2,3,4,4a,9,10,10a-octahydro-1,4a-dimethyl-7-(1-methylethyl)-, [1S-(1 α ,4 $\alpha\alpha$,10 $\alpha\beta$)]-

CN Podocarpa-8,11,13-trien-16-oic acid, 13-isopropyl- (7CI, 8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 4-epi-Dehydroabietic acid

CN 4-Epiabietic acid, dehydro-

CN 4-Epidehydroabietic acid

CN Callitrisic acid

CN Dehydro-4-epiabietic acid

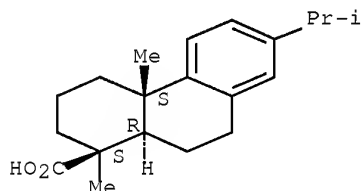
FS STEREOSEARCH

DR 18045-62-0

MF C20 H28 O2

LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, AQUIRE, BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMINFORMRX, GMELIN*, NAPRALERT, SPECINFO, TOXCENTER
(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

37 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

37 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

3 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 146:518082

REFERENCE 2: 146:312767

REFERENCE 3: 145:45114

REFERENCE 4: 144:260040

REFERENCE 5: 143:172666

REFERENCE 6: 135:361665

REFERENCE 7: 134:219686

REFERENCE 8: 134:27513

REFERENCE 9: 132:47500

REFERENCE 10: 131:198770

L50 ANSWER 24 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

RN 3772-55-2 REGISTRY

ED Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984

CN 1-Phenanthrenemethanol, 1,2,3,4,4a,9,10,10a-octahydro-1,4a-dimethyl-7-(1-methylethyl)-, (1R,4aS,10aR)- (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 1-Phenanthrenemethanol, 1,2,3,4,4a,9,10,10a-octahydro-1,4a-dimethyl-7-(1-methylethyl)-, [1R-(1 α ,4 α β ,10 α)]-

CN Abietinol, dehydro- (4CI)

CN Abietyl alcohol, dehydro- (6CI)

CN Podocarpa-8,11,13-trien-15-ol, 13-isopropyl- (7CI, 8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN ar-Abietatrienol

CN Dehydroabietyl alcohol

CN Dehydroabietinol

CN Dehydroabietol

CN Dehydroabietyl alcohol

CN Pomiferin A

FS STEREOSEARCH

DR 19426-88-1

MF C20 H30 O

CI COM

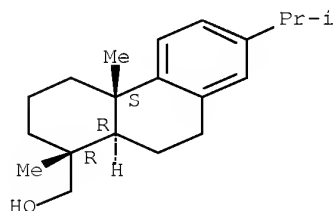
LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, AQUIRE, BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CSNB, NAPRALERT, PIRA, PROMT, SPECINFO, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL, USPATOLD

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: EINECS**, NDSL**, TSCA**

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

138 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

3 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

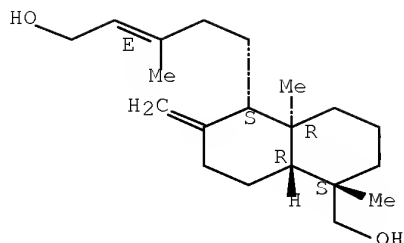
138 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

3 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 148:332936
 REFERENCE 2: 148:233701
 REFERENCE 3: 148:210289
 REFERENCE 4: 147:381514
 REFERENCE 5: 147:296090
 REFERENCE 6: 147:143570
 REFERENCE 7: 147:39157
 REFERENCE 8: 146:206483
 REFERENCE 9: 146:77965
 REFERENCE 10: 145:144784

L50 ANSWER 25 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 RN 1857-24-5 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984
 CN 1-Naphthalenemethanol, decahydro-5-[(3E)-5-hydroxy-3-methyl-3-penten-1-yl]-1,4a-dimethyl-6-methylene-, (1S,4aR,5S,8aR)- (CA INDEX NAME)
 OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
 CN 1-Naphthalenemethanol, decahydro-5-(5-hydroxy-3-methyl-3-pentenyl)-1,4a-dimethyl-6-methylene-, [1S-[1 α ,4 α ,5 α (E),8a.beta.]]-
 CN 1-Naphthalenemethanol, decahydro-5-[(3E)-5-hydroxy-3-methyl-3-pentenyl]-1,4a-dimethyl-6-methylene-, (1S,4aR,5S,8aR)- (9CI)
 CN Labda-8(20),13-diene-15,19-diol (7CI)
 CN Labda-8(20),13-diene-15,19-diol, (E)- (8CI)
 OTHER NAMES:
 CN (+)-Agathadiol
 CN Agathadienediol
 CN Agathadiol
 CN Agathadiol, (+)-
 CN Contortadiol
 FS STEREOSEARCH
 DR 25663-28-9
 MF C20 H34 O2
 LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, NAPRALERT, SPECINFO, TOXCENTER
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry.
 Double bond geometry as shown.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

38 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
 38 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)
 10 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 148:73013

REFERENCE 2: 146:517247

REFERENCE 3: 145:372219

REFERENCE 4: 141:363254

REFERENCE 5: 141:292507

REFERENCE 6: 139:377893

REFERENCE 7: 132:44965

REFERENCE 8: 123:193670

REFERENCE 9: 122:27772

REFERENCE 10: 109:208243

L50 ANSWER 26 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

RN 1740-19-8 REGISTRY

ED Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984

CN 1-Phenanthrenecarboxylic acid, 1,2,3,4,4a,9,10,10a-octahydro-1,4a-dimethyl-7-(1-methylethyl)-, (1R,4aS,10aR)- (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 1-Phenanthrenecarboxylic acid, 1,2,3,4,4a,9,10,10a-octahydro-1,4a-dimethyl-7-(1-methylethyl)-, [1R-(1 α ,4a β ,10a α)]-

CN Abietic acid, dehydro- (6CI)

CN Podocarpa-8,11,13-trien-15-oic acid, 13-isopropyl- (7CI, 8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN (+)-Dehydroabietic acid

CN Abieta-8,11,13-trien-18-oic acid

CN Dehydroabietic acid

CN NSC 2952

FS STEREOSEARCH

DR 135577-73-0, 2501-27-1, 35949-24-7

MF C20 H28 O2

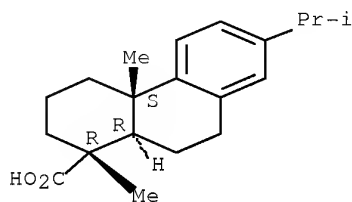
CI COM

LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, AQUIRE, BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO,

10/591282

CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST,
CSCHEM, CSNB, EMBASE, GMELIN*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE,
NAPRALERT, PIRA, PROMT, PS, RTECS*, SPECINFO, SYNTHLINE, TOXCENTER,
ULIDAT, USPAT2, USPATFULL, USPATOLD
(*File contains numerically searchable property data)
Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**
(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1557 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
69 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
1561 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)
34 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

| | | |
|-----------|-----|------------|
| REFERENCE | 1: | 149:85802 |
| REFERENCE | 2: | 149:73965 |
| REFERENCE | 3: | 148:576748 |
| REFERENCE | 4: | 148:538683 |
| REFERENCE | 5: | 148:538398 |
| REFERENCE | 6: | 148:538393 |
| REFERENCE | 7: | 148:518370 |
| REFERENCE | 8: | 148:509073 |
| REFERENCE | 9: | 148:497912 |
| REFERENCE | 10: | 148:466635 |

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L50  ANSWER 27 OF 27  REGISTRY  COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
RN   514-62-5  REGISTRY
ED   Entered STN:  16 Nov 1984
CN   3-Phenanthrenol, 4b,5,6,7,8,8a,9,10-octahydro-4b,8,8-trimethyl-2-(1-
methylethyl)-, (4bS,8aS)-  (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
CN   3-Phenanthrenol, 4b,5,6,7,8,8a,9,10-octahydro-4b,8,8-trimethyl-2-(1-
methylethyl)-, (4bS-trans)-
CN   Ferruginol (6CI)
```


10/591282

CN Podocarpa-8,11,13-trien-12-ol, 13-isopropyl- (7CI, 8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN (+)-Ferruginol

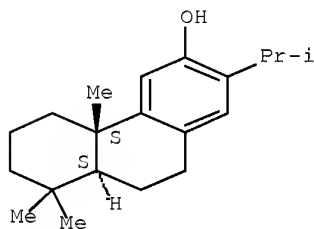
CN Ferruginol (Podocarpus)

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C20 H30 O

LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA,
CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, EMBASE, IPA, NAPRALERT,
PIRA, PROUSDDR, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL
(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

333 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

3 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

334 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

8 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 149:54114
REFERENCE 2: 148:593025
REFERENCE 3: 148:593024
REFERENCE 4: 148:555554
REFERENCE 5: 148:555504
REFERENCE 6: 148:511066
REFERENCE 7: 148:491004
REFERENCE 8: 148:444885
REFERENCE 9: 148:421587
REFERENCE 10: 148:419511

FILE 'CAOLD' ENTERED AT 15:28:41 ON 18 JUL 2008

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FILE COVERS 1907-1966

FILE LAST UPDATED: 01 May 1997 (19970501/UP)

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New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file supports REGISTRY for direct browsing and searching of all substance data from the REGISTRY file. Enter HELP FIRST for more information.

L51 98 S L50

L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI composition of turpentine and resin acid in Benguet pine stump heartwood
 IT 79-54-9 123-35-3 127-91-3 471-77-2 514-10-3
 555-10-2 586-62-9 1945-53-5 2221-97-8 7201-52-7

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):49

L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI gas-chromatographic study of the separation of resin acid methyl esters on a QF-1 column
 IT 79-54-9 471-74-9 471-77-2 514-08-9 514-10-3
 1231-35-2 1945-53-5 2761-77-5 5835-26-7
 107631-59-4

L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI thermal behavior of certain resin acids
 IT 79-54-9 471-77-2 514-10-3 1945-53-5 5835-26-7
 7201-52-7 107631-59-4

L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI oxygen absorption by gum rosin, modified gum rosins, and rosin acids
 IT 5155-70-4 5835-26-7 107631-59-4

L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI starch adhesives (cold water-soluble)
 IT 480-20-6 511-05-7 511-15-9 514-62-5
 564-23-8 1603-47-0 4666-84-6 5150-31-2 5150-38-9
 7181-79-5 7471-01-4 14259-45-1 29838-67-3

L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI wood components - (I) infrared spectrometric identification of single resin acids in resin acid mixts.
 IT 79-54-9 471-74-9 471-77-2 2221-97-8 2501-27-1
 5673-40-5 5835-26-7 19402-30-3 107631-59-4

L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI conifer resin constituents
 IT 79-54-9 471-74-9 511-05-7 511-15-9 640-28-8
 1231-35-2 1438-65-9 1857-09-6 1857-11-0 1857-15-4
 1857-21-2 1857-24-5 1908-44-7 1909-90-6
 2761-77-5 4549-12-6 17829-02-6 106631-38-3

- L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI diterpenoids - (IV) structure and stereochem. of some polycyclic diterpenoids
 IT 469-83-0 508-71-4 562-28-7 1224-42-6 2239-24-9
~~5835-26-7~~ 5937-49-5 20784-69-4 41370-00-7 94681-67-1
 106499-84-7 106974-66-7 ~~107631-59-4~~
- L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI determination of the conformation of the CH₂OH and CH₂OAc groups of terpenes by nuclear magnetic resonance
 IT 465-99-6 1686-59-5 1686-60-8 1686-64-2 1686-65-3
~~3772-55-2~~ 5672-32-2 22418-03-7 22425-78-1 34227-18-4
 43127-93-1 53840-45-2 106598-96-3 107660-89-9 107822-43-5
 107822-47-9
- L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI heartwood extractives of *Pinus resinosa*
 IT 102-61-4 471-74-9 1012-12-0 5150-38-9 ~~5835-26-7~~
 6651-62-3 6689-43-6 10061-47-9 18001-44-0 18038-29-4
 18042-24-5 18042-25-6 18052-65-8 18192-21-7 18536-68-0
 18536-69-1 18748-91-9 18880-69-8 68745-38-0 94881-28-4
 99788-45-1 ~~107631-59-4~~
- L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI stereochemistry in the agathic acid series
 IT ~~1857-24-5~~ ~~17929-02-6~~ 43085-67-2 43085-69-4
 72264-54-1 88658-29-1 105164-81-6 105598-99-0 106741-12-2
 106741-13-3 106765-53-1 106765-61-1 106951-60-4 106951-61-5
 106951-62-6 106953-60-0 107119-21-1 107631-64-1 107782-25-2
 107782-27-4 108058-43-1
- L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI heartwood extractives of *Pinus banksiana*
 IT 102-61-4 471-74-9 498-81-7 537-40-6 548-82-3
 5150-38-9 ~~5835-26-7~~ 14465-68-0 68745-38-0
~~107631-59-4~~
- L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI preparation of dehydroabietane-1-amine
 IT ~~35928-32-6~~ 96367-98-5 100024-62-2 107740-16-9
 107782-36-5
- L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI expts. directed toward the total synthesis of terpenes
 IT 1224-30-2 4807-59-4 ~~5835-26-7~~ 101797-30-2
 106298-11-7 106409-90-9 106712-95-2
- L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI structure of isopimaric acid
 IT 1619-01-8 ~~5835-26-7~~ 99925-39-0 ~~107631-59-4~~
- L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI natural order Cupressales - (XXXVIII) structures of the diterpenes torulosol, torulosal, and agathic acid
 IT ~~1857-24-5~~ 1908-44-7 25671-16-3 72401-52-6
 100232-40-4
- L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI stereochemistry of the side-chains of diterpene esters

10/591282

IT 1757-85-3 1857-24-5 15372-63-1 22343-28-8
28644-63-5 72264-54-1 97017-02-2

L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
TI stereochemistry of pimaric and isopimaric acids
IT 127-27-5 3737-85-7 5835-26-7 96931-00-9
107631-59-4 107664-30-2 107782-30-9

L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
TI synthesis of abietic acid from dehydroabietic acid
IT 1740-19-8 106743-16-2 115100-79-3

L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
TI cellulose - (I) influence of moisture on the infrared spectrum of cellulose
IT 1740-19-8 1945-53-5

L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
TI chromatographic analysis of resinous acids in the resin of the common pine
IT 471-74-9 1740-19-8 1945-53-5

L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
TI synthesis of two stereoisomers of dehydroabietic acid
IT 1235-74-1 1740-19-8 6328-22-9 26823-16-5
68480-22-8 69574-21-6 95946-49-9 108247-03-6 110936-78-2
111294-89-4 111497-52-0 111583-88-1 114001-26-2 114999-92-7
114999-93-8 114999-97-2

L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
TI nuclear magnetic resonance spectra of resin acids
IT 1235-74-1 1686-62-0 1945-53-5 3730-56-1 5673-36-9
5835-26-7 17611-11-9 27216-04-2

L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
TI nature of resin acids and properties of rosins from oleoresins from Pinus massoni-ana
IT 1740-19-8 1945-53-5 27216-04-2

L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
TI Podocarpaceae - (IV) constituents of the heartwood of Podocarpus dactyloides
IT 511-05-7 514-62-5 564-23-8 593-49-7
2162-53-0 15340-79-1 20254-33-5 24035-66-3 32630-75-4
32764-86-6 34539-84-9 66241-95-0 70094-75-6 109251-57-2
110570-58-6 113999-94-3 120297-55-4

L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
TI aromatic hydroxy aldehydes
TI hydroxy aldehydes (aromatic)
TI o-vinyltoluene and indene
TI oxygenated resin acid derivs.
TI resin acid derivs. (oxygenated)
IT 13742-23-9 22595-48-8 61597-76-0 115911-97-2
116032-84-9

L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
TI infrared spectra of natural products - (XII) triterpenoid and diterpenoid carboxylic acids
IT 465-74-7 465-99-6 481-22-1 631-69-6 1740-19-8

10/591282

4339-72-4 10376-50-8 23423-85-0 25493-91-8 25576-27-6
 27706-38-3 51348-64-2 109251-57-2 121291-12-1

- L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI stereochemistry of resin acid derivs.
 IT 5835-26-7 31148-95-5 107276-09-5 107457-20-5
 109652-57-5
- L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI decarboxylation in conjunction with autoxidn.
 IT 1740-19-8
- L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI function of rosins and rosin derivs. in pressure-sensitive adhesives
 IT 1740-19-8 27216-04-2
- L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI partial degradation and reconstitution of podocarpic acid-novel method
 of hydrolysis of highly sterically hindered esters
 IT 545-48-2 1740-19-8 3772-55-2 5951-84-8
 70094-75-6 101577-12-2 103423-50-3 107418-94-0 107457-20-5
 108395-86-4 109251-57-2 110570-58-6 110746-82-2 114159-02-3
- L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI dehydroabietic acid and derivs.
 IT 1740-19-8 80538-37-0
- L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI ferruginol-type diterpenes and proton magnetic resonance
 characteristics of diterpenic substances
 TI optical rotation and structure in the labdane series of diterpenoids
 TI synthesis and stereochemistry of fichtelite-structure and
 stereochemistry of some reduction products of abietic-type resin acids
 IT 468-68-8 468-81-5 468-82-6 510-98-5 511-01-3
 511-02-4 511-03-5 640-28-8 640-29-9 1156-07-6
 1235-39-8 1235-40-1 1235-76-3 1235-77-4 1408-33-9
 1409-35-4 1412-99-3 1438-55-7 1438-62-6 1438-64-8
 1616-86-0 1619-25-6 1757-81-9 1757-83-1 1757-85-3
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 1909-92-8 2761-77-5 3650-30-4 3954-67-4 3954-68-5
 4176-94-7 4630-08-4 4966-16-9 5956-15-0 5957-33-5
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| 10395-33-2 | 10395-35-4 | 10395-36-5 | 10395-37-6 | 10395-38-7 |
| 10395-39-8 | 10395-41-2 | 10395-42-3 | 10395-43-4 | 10470-23-2 |
| 10470-24-3 | 10470-25-4 | 10470-31-2 | 10483-51-9 | 11015-78-4 |
| 13013-31-5 | 13346-05-9 | 13346-07-1 | 13383-62-5 | 13384-28-6 |
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| 14022-42-5 | 16633-28-6 | 17829-02-5 | 17904-64-2 | |
| 19533-83-6 | 20404-55-1 | 22343-28-8 | 23963-10-2 | 24460-84-2 |
| 25490-89-5 | 25671-16-3 | 28644-60-2 | 33762-81-1 | 36052-45-6 |
| 53771-91-8 | 55881-96-4 | 93158-10-2 | 93158-29-3 | 93813-28-6 |
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| 101296-75-7 | 102216-44-4 | 102444-58-6 | 103425-20-3 | 103476-93-3 |
| 106196-13-8 | 106196-16-1 | 106300-22-5 | 106631-38-3 | 107928-45-0 |

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TI diterpenoid total synthesis, an A → B → C approach -
(II) total synthesis of dl-sugiol and dl-ferruginol

| | | | | |
|----|------------|---------------------|------------|------------|
| IT | 511-05-7 | 514-62-5 | 10219-83-7 | 10244-81-2 |
| | 10438-42-3 | 93427-93-1 | 93759-31-0 | |

L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI nuclear magnetic resonance spectra of some diterpenes

| | | | | | |
|----|-----------|----------------------|----------------------|------------|---------------------------|
| IT | 471-74-9 | 3407-20-3 | 3625-01-2 | 4807-69-6 | 5673-36-9 |
| | 5673-40-5 | 5835-26-7 | 7201-52-7 | 7715-72-2 | |
| | 7715-73-3 | 7715-76-6 | 7715-77-7 | 17611-06-2 | 107631-59-4*** |

L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI resin acids of the oleoresins of Pinus pithyusa and P. pallasiana and
their hybrid

| | | | | |
|----|----------|-----------|----------------------|------------------------|
| IT | 471-77-2 | 1945-53-5 | 5835-26-7 | 107631-59-4 |
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L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI extractives of Australian timbers - (VI) ebelin lactone

| | | | | | |
|----|------------------------|-------------|------------|-------------|----------------------|
| IT | 471-74-9 | 1619-02-9 | 3407-24-7 | 3407-25-8 | 3407-26-9 |
| | 3649-50-1 | 3649-51-2 | 3649-52-3 | 3649-54-5 | 3649-55-6 |
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| | 3649-61-4 | 3649-62-5 | 3649-63-6 | 3649-64-7 | 3649-65-8 |
| | 3649-66-9 | 3649-67-0 | 3649-68-1 | 3649-69-2 | 3649-70-5 |
| | 3649-71-6 | 3649-72-7 | 3649-73-8 | 3649-76-1 | 3649-77-2 |
| | 3649-78-3 | 3649-79-4 | 3676-31-1 | 3676-32-2 | 3771-88-8 |
| | 3771-91-3 | 4807-69-6 | 5673-36-9 | 5673-40-5 | 5835-26-7 |
| | 7715-72-2 | 13218-97-8 | 17611-06-2 | 105087-40-9 | 107579-44-2 |
| | 107631-59-4 | 107632-30-4 | | | |

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TI diterpenes of pine barks - (II) structures of contortadiol,
contortolal, and hydroxyepimanol

TI industrial synthesis of vitamin A

| | | | | |
|----|----------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| IT | 1857-24-5 | 1908-44-7 | 3650-30-4 | 3650-31-5 |
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L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI mass spectrometric studies of diterpenes-carbodicyclic diterpenes

| | | | | | |
|----|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| IT | 465-92-9 | 468-82-6 | 596-84-9 | 640-28-8 | 640-29-9 |
| | 1227-75-4 | 1227-93-6 | 1227-94-7 | 1231-33-0 | 1231-34-1 |
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| | 1438-59-1 | 1438-61-5 | 1438-62-6 | 1438-63-7 | 1438-65-9 |
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| | 1757-93-3 | 1757-94-4 | 1908-44-7 | 2124-93-8 | 2222-52-8 |

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| 3866-18-0 | 5989-67-3 | 13256-49-0 | 13346-06-0 | 15372-65-3 |
| 17829-02-6 | 17904-64-2 | 19123-29-6 | 25671-16-3 | 26729-54-4 |
| 30987-48-5 | 72401-52-6 | 102444-58-6 | 106631-38-3 | 107894-86-0 |

L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI components of *Cupressus sempervirens* resin - (I) communic acid, cupressic acid, and isocupressic acid

| | | | | |
|--------------|-----------|------------|-------------|-----------|
| IT 1235-39-8 | 1857-24-5 | 1908-44-7 | 1909-87-1 | |
| 1909-88-2 | 1909-90-6 | 1909-91-7 | 1909-92-8 | 1909-93-9 |
| 1909-96-2 | 1909-97-3 | 1909-98-4 | 1909-99-5 | 1910-05-0 |
| 1910-07-2 | 2761-77-5 | 3894-99-3 | 3895-01-0 | 3895-07-6 |
| 3954-67-4 | 3954-68-5 | 94681-67-1 | 100064-82-2 | |

L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI *Agathis microstachya* oleoresin

IT 1857-24-5 17829-02-6

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TI hop constituents - (XIX) essential oil of the hop variety OW-153

TI reduction of the resin acids with LiAlH₄ - (I) synthesis of dehydroabietane from dehydroabietic acid, (II) synthesis of 12-sulfamoyldehydroabietinol

| | | | | |
|--------------|------------|-------------|------------|--|
| IT 3772-55-2 | 17066-67-0 | 19407-28-4 | 28957-78-0 | |
| 93541-59-4 | 97363-57-0 | 102289-99-6 | | |

L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI hexane extractives of the outer bark of *Cryptomeria japonica*

IT 471-74-9 511-05-7 514-62-5 564-23-8

L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI rule for the estimation of acidity consts. of cyclohexanecarboxylic acids

| | | | | |
|-------------|-------------|------------|------------|------------|
| IT 471-74-9 | 1028-04-2 | 1235-75-2 | 1235-76-3 | 1235-77-4 |
| 3604-88-4 | 4153-91-7 | 4331-54-8 | 4586-72-5 | 4807-69-6 |
| 5155-70-4 | 5451-55-8 | 5835-26-7 | 5947-49-9 | |
| 7112-20-1 | 7384-42-1 | 10254-68-9 | 13032-38-7 | 13032-41-2 |
| 19941-59-4 | 19941-61-8 | 57345-30-9 | 90374-82-6 | 91975-83-6 |
| 107631-59-4 | 112000-74-5 | | | |

L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI oxidation of 4-methylthymol, ferruginol, and totarol

| | | | | |
|-------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|
| IT 511-05-7 | 511-15-9 | 514-62-5 | 2539-02-8 | |
| 20752-49-2 | 35786-94-8 | 62691-26-3 | 62716-38-5 | 86510-12-5 |
| 90334-28-4 | 91555-75-8 | 92036-38-9 | 95868-55-6 | 101379-15-1 |
| 105584-04-1 | | | | |

L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI industrial use of oleoresin from Siberian cedar

IT 471-74-9 5835-26-7 107631-59-4

L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI paper chromatography of resin acids

IT 471-74-9 5835-26-7 107631-59-4

L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI natural order Cupressales - (XII) structure and stereochemistry of communic acid

| | | | | |
|--------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| IT 1156-07-6 | 1757-85-3 | 1857-24-5 | 3895-01-0 | |
| 4028-80-2 | 5573-14-8 | 10266-89-4 | 13903-04-3 | 14027-05-5 |
| 24022-12-6 | 28762-80-3 | 31323-69-0 | 36052-45-6 | 89886-17-9 |
| 90374-82-6 | 93220-97-4 | 93603-18-0 | 94262-12-1 | 94328-13-9 |

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94482-36-7 94931-70-1 95623-69-1 96708-73-5 105091-51-8
105255-37-6 106041-49-0 106954-71-6 107989-58-2

L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
TI infrared spectra of resin acids
IT 471-74-9 1740-19-8

L51 98 ANSWERS CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
TI synthesis of dl-9-isopimaradienes and revision of structures of
isopimaric acid and rimuene
IT 5720-73-0 5835-26-7 6697-24-1 51958-85-1
92790-79-9 94681-67-1 95369-08-7 100175-51-7 107631-59-4

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):0

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L52 648 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L50
L53 6 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L52 AND (?ATHEROSCLER? OR (HEART OR
CARDIOVASCULAR OR CARDIAC OR CARDIO VASCULAR) (3A) (DISEAS?
OR DISORDER) OR ?LIPIDEMI? OR ?LIPIDAEMI? OR ?CHOLESTER?)
L54 4 DUP REM L53 (2 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

L54 ANSWER 1 OF 4 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 1
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008202581 MEDLINE Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 18267111
TITLE: Dehydroabietic acid, a phytochemical, acts as ligand
for PPARs in macrophages and adipocytes to regulate
inflammation.
AUTHOR: Kang Min-Sook; Hirai Shizuka; Goto Tsuyoshi; Kuroyanagi
Kayo; Lee Joo-Young; Uemura Taku; Ezaki Yoichiro;
Takahashi Nobuyuki; Kawada Teruo
CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratory of Molecular Function of Food, Division of
Food Science and Biotechnology, Graduate School of
Agriculture, Kyoto University, Uji, Kyoto 611-0011,
Japan.
SOURCE: Biochemical and biophysical research communications,
(2008 May 2) Vol. 369, No. 2, pp. 333-8. Electronic
Publication: 2008-02-11.
Journal code: 0372516. E-ISSN: 1090-2104.
PUB. COUNTRY: United States
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
(RESEARCH SUPPORT, NON-U.S. GOV'T)
LANGUAGE: English
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
ENTRY MONTH: 200804
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 26 Mar 2008
Last Updated on STN: 23 Apr 2008
Entered Medline: 22 Apr 2008

AB Obesity is characterized by an enhanced infiltration of macrophages to adipose
tissues, which is closely associated with the low-grade inflammatory state and
obesity-related pathologies such as type 2 diabetes and cardiovascular
diseases. We showed here that dehydroabietic acid (DAA) is a potent
PPARalpha/gamma dual activator. Furthermore, we examined the anti-

inflammatory effects of DAA in stimulated macrophages and in the coculture of macrophages and adipocytes. DAA significantly suppressed the production of proinflammatory mediators such as MCP-1, TNF- α , and NO in stimulated RAW 264 macrophages and in the coculture of RAW 264 macrophages and 3T3-L1 adipocytes. These results suggest that DAA is a valuable medicinal and food component for improving inflammatory changes associated with obesity-related diabetes.

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ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996075391 EMBASE Full-text
 TITLE: Wood-derived estrogens: Studies in vitro with breast cancer cell lines and in vivo in trout.
 AUTHOR: Mellanen, Pirkko (correspondence); Lehtimaki, Jyrki; Makela, Sari; Santti, Risto
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute of Biomedicine, University of Turku, Turku, Finland.
 AUTHOR: Petanen, Tiina; Oikari, Aimo
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Dept. of Biology and Environmerntal, University of Jyvaskyla, Jyvaskyla, Finland.
 AUTHOR: Mannila, Erkki
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, University of Jyvaskyla, Jyvaskyla, Finland.
 AUTHOR: Bylund, Goran
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Biology, Abo Akademi University, Turku, Finland.
 AUTHOR: Holmbom, Bjarne
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Lab. of Forest Products Chemistry, Abo Akademi University, Turku, Finland.
 AUTHOR: Mellanen, Pirkko (correspondence)
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute Biomedicine, University of Turku, Turku, Finland.
 SOURCE: Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology, (Feb 1996) Vol. 136, No. 2, pp. 381-388.
 Refs: 28
 ISSN: 0041-008X CODEN: TXAPA9
 COUNTRY: United States
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article
 FILE SEGMENT: 016 Cancer
 022 Human Genetics
 003 Endocrinology
 030 Clinical and Experimental Pharmacology
 037 Drug Literature Index
 052 Toxicology
 LANGUAGE: English
 SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English
 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 25 Mar 1996
 Last Updated on STN: 25 Mar 1996

AB The wood-derived compound, β -sitosterol (purity >90%), was shown to be estrogenic in fish. It induced the expression of the vitellogenin gene in the liver of juvenile and methyltestosterone- treated rainbow trout. Structural similarities to β -sitosterol notwithstanding, cholesterol, citrostadienol, β -sitostanol, and 5-androstene-3 β ,17 β -diol, an estrogenic member of the androstenic steroid group, were inactive. An abietic acid mixture (37% abietic acid, 6% dehydroabietic acid, and a remainder of unknown compounds) showed slight hormonal activity in feed, but it was completely inactive when given intraperitoneally in implants. The estrogenic component of the abietic acid preparation was not identified. In addition to β -sitosterol and abietic

acid, several other wood-derived compounds including betulin, isorhapontigenin, isorhapontin, and pinosylvin were estrogenic in breast cancer cells (MCF-7 or T-47D). However, betulin and pinosylvin, available in sufficient amounts for in vivo testing, did not induce the expression of the vitellogenin gene. Differences in the primary sequences of human and fish estrogen receptors (hormone as well as DNA-binding regions) or uptake and metabolism of the compounds may explain the discrepancy between the two estrogen bioassays. Wood-derived compounds such as β -sitosterol, present in pulp and paper mill effluents, may account for the weak estrogenicity of debarking effluent seen at the vitellogenin expression bioassay.

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ACCESSION NUMBER: 1978079264 EMBASE Full-text
 TITLE: Hypocholesterolemic action of tricyclic diterpenoids in rats.
 AUTHOR: Enomoto, H.; Yoshikuni, Y.; Yasutomi, Y.; et. al.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Res. Lab., Nippon Shinyaku Co., Ltd., Kyoto, Japan.
 SOURCE: Chemical and Pharmaceutical Bulletin, (1977) Vol. 25, No. 3, pp. 507-510.
 ISSN: 0009-2363 CODEN: CPBTAL
 COUNTRY: Japan
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article
 LANGUAGE: English

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ACCESSION NUMBER: 1977196846 EMBASE Full-text
 TITLE: Diterpene acids as larval growth inhibitors.
 AUTHOR: Elliger, C.A.; Zinkel, D.F.; Chan, B.G.; Waiss Jr., A.C.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: West. Reg. Res. Lab., ARS, US Dept. Agric., Berkeley, Calif. 94710, United States.
 SOURCE: Experientia, (1976) Vol. 32, No. 11, pp. 1364-1366.
 ISSN: 0014-4754 CODEN: EXPEAM
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article
 FILE SEGMENT: 030 Clinical and Experimental Pharmacology
 037 Drug Literature Index
 LANGUAGE: English

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:42:31 ON 18 JUL 2008

L77 2 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L38 AND (LIPEMIA OR LIPAEMIA OR
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 ARTER?(3A) (FATTY STREAK))
 L78 2 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L77 AND (TREAT? OR THERAP? OR PREVENT?)
 L79 0 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L78 NOT L48

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L80 0 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L52 AND (LIPEMIA OR LIPAEMIA OR
 HYPERLIPEMIA OR HYPERLIPAEMIA OR ATHEROGEN? OR ATHEROMA OR
 ARTER?(3A) (FATTY STREAK))

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L55      2104 SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  ("JEONG T"? OR "TAE-SOOK J?")/AU
L56      53393 SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  ("LEE W"? OR "WOO-SONG L?")/AU
L57      153131 SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  ("KIM H"? OR "HYOUNG-CHIN, K?")/AU
L58      33777 SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  ("CHOI Y"? OR "YANG-KYU C?")/AU
L59      5092 SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  ("AN S"? OR "SO-JIN A?")/AU
L60      1549 SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  ("IM K"? OR "KYOUNG-RAN I?")/AU
L61      4131 SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  ("JANG K"? OR "KI-CHANG J?")/AU
L62      118 SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  ("MOON O"? OR "OG-SUNG M?")/AU
L63      5609 SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  ("SON J"? OR "JUN-SEOCK S?")/AU
L64      2 SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L55 AND L56 AND L57 AND L58 AND L59
      AND L60 AND L61 AND L62 AND L63
L65      444 SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L55 AND ((L56 OR L57 OR L58 OR L59 OR
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L68      227 SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L58 AND ((L59 OR L60 OR L61 OR L62 OR
      L63))
L69      12 SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L59 AND ((L60 OR L61 OR L62 OR L63))
L70      8 SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L60 AND ((L61 OR L62 OR L63))
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L72      2 SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L62 AND L63
L73      237 SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  ((L55 OR L56 OR L57 OR L58 OR L59 OR
      L60 OR L61 OR L62 OR L63) OR (L65 OR L66 OR L67 OR L68))
      AND ((T OR TORREY?)(W) NUCIFER? OR CONIFER? OR (KAYA OR
      CONE(3A) BEAR?)(3A) TREE OR JAPANESE(1W) YEW)
L74      6 SEA ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L73 AND (?ATHEROSCLER? OR (HEART OR
      CARDIOVASCULAR OR CARDIAC OR RADIO VASCULAR)(3A) (DISEAS?
      OR DISORDER) OR ?LIPIDEMI? OR ?LIPIDAEMI? OR ?CHOLESTER?)

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L75 27 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L64 OR (L69 OR L70 OR L71 OR L72) OR
L74
L76 20 DUP REM L75 (7 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

L76 ANSWER 1 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:813448 CAPLUS Full-text

TITLE: Fiber Bragg grating strain sensor using the spectral tag method

AUTHOR(S): Kim, Geun-Jin; Lee, Kyoung-Shin; Son, Ju-Youn; Youn, Jae-Soon; Choi, Ki-Sun; Baik, Se-Jong; Im, Kiegon

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Physics, Chonnam National University, Gwangju, 500-757, S. Korea

SOURCE: Sae Mulli (2008), 56(5), 422-425

CODEN: NWPYA4; ISSN: 0374-4914

PUBLISHER: Korean Physical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Korean

AB The spectral tag method is proposed to increase the multiplexing capability of a multipoint FBG sensor system. We fabricated six multiplexing Fiber Bragg grating (FBG) sensors employing four wavelengths. One of the multiplexing FBG sensors was subjected to a series of strains successively, and the resultant spectra showed a pair of spectral peaks moving toward longer wavelength. The slope sensitivity was calculated to be 0.99 pm/ $\mu\epsilon$.

L76 ANSWER 2 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:813446 CAPLUS Full-text

TITLE: Numerical analysis on the multiplexing of a fiber Bragg grating employing a spectral code

AUTHOR(S): Son, Ju-Youn; Choi, Ki-Sun; Kim, Geun-Jin; Lee, Kyoung-Shin; Park, Dong-Young; Youn, Jae-Soon; Baik, Se-Jong; Im, Kiegon

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Physics, Chonnam National University, Gwangju, 500-757, S. Korea

SOURCE: Sae Mulli (2008), 56(5), 418-421

CODEN: NWPYA4; ISSN: 0374-4914

PUBLISHER: Korean Physical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Korean

AB A multiplexing technique for fiber Bragg grating sensors is required for multipoint measurements such as smart structure applications. The spectral tag method can enhance the multiplexing capability in the Wavelength Division Multiplexing (WDM) approach without addnl. switching units. Each sensor is assigned with a unique spectral tag that represents a series of Bragg wavelengths. The maximum number of sensors in a single optical fiber is determined by the number of employed spectral codes and the number of constituent gratings. With a 0.4-nm peak-to-peak separation and a 5 % reflectance of the grating, we simulated the change caused in the multiplexed spectrum by the strain to determine the position of the sensor and to measure the degree of its change.

L76 ANSWER 3 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 1

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:1191195 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 147:534664

TITLE: Flavonoids for the prevention and treatment of cardiovascular diseases

INVENTOR(S): Jeong, Tae Sook; Lee, Woo Song; Park, Ki Hun; Lee, Byong Won; Park, Yong Dae; Kim, Min Jung; An,

10/591282

So Jin; Kim, Hyoung Chin; Moon, Og
Sung; Won, Young Suk
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Korea Research Institute of Bioscience and
Biotechnology, S. Korea
SOURCE: Repub. Korean Kongkae Taeho Kongbo, No pp. given
CODEN: KRXXA7
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Korean
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| ----- | --- | ----- | ----- | ----- |
| KR 2007049812 | A | 20070514 | KR 2005-106992 | 20051109 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | KR 2005-106992 | 20051109 |

AB A flavonoid-based compound is provided to show excellent antioxidative activity on low d. lipoprotein (LDL) and effectively inhibit the activity of acyl-CoA:cholesterol acyltransferase (ACAT), thereby being useful for preventing and treating cardiovascular diseases, such as hyperlipidemia, coronary heart disease, coronary sclerosis and myocardial infarction. The flavonoids are isolated from roots of Cudrania tricuspidata.

L76 ANSWER 4 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 2

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:1173357 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 147:413029

TITLE: Health food composition for prevention and treatment of cardiovascular disease without side effects comprising extract of Lycopodium lucidus turcz. capable of inhibiting activity of ACAT
INVENTOR(S): Jeong, Tae Sook; Lee, Woo Song; Park, Ho Yong; Im, Kyoung Ran; Park, Yong Dae; Kim, Min Jung; Han, Jong Min; Kim, Hyoung Chin; Moon, Og Sung; Won, Young Suk

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Korea Research Institute of Bioscience and Biotechnology, S. Korea

SOURCE: Repub. Korean Kongkae Taeho Kongbo, No pp. given
CODEN: KRXXA7

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Korean

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|-------------|
| ----- | --- | ----- | ----- | ----- |
| KR 2007037429 | A | 20070404 | KR 2006-108870 | 20061106 |
| KR 2007107816 | A | 20071108 | KR 2005-91930 | 20050930 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | KR 2005-91930 | A3 20050930 |

AB A composition for the prevention and treatment of cardiovascular disease comprising the extract of Lycopodium lucidus Turcz. is provided to inhibit synthesis and accumulation of cholesteryl ester by inhibiting activity of acyl-CoA:cholesterol acyltransferase(ACAT), and reduce side effects. The composition for the prevention and treatment of cardiovascular disease comprises the extract of Lycopodium lucidus Turcz. as an effective ingredient, wherein the Lycopodium lucidus Turcz. extract is obtained from leaf or root of Lycopodium lucidus Turcz.; the Lycopodium lucidus Turcz. extract is extracted with water or alc. such as methanol, ethanol or butanol; the cardiovascular disease

is hyperlipidemia or arteriosclerosis; and the composition is health food composition

L76 ANSWER 5 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:1191194 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 147:462262

TITLE: Novel catecholic xanthone-based compound and composition for preventing and treating cardiovascular diseases

INVENTOR(S): Jeong, Tae Sook; Lee, Woo Song; Park, Ki Hun; Lee, Byong Won; Han, Jong Min; Im, Kyoung Ran; Kim, Min Jung; Kim, Hyoung Chin; Moon, Oq Sung; Won, Young Suk

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Korea Research Institute of Bioscience and Biotechnology, S. Korea

SOURCE: Repub. Korean Kongkae Taeho Kongbo, No pp. given
CODEN: KRXXA7

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Korean

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. ----- | KIND ---- | DATE ----- | APPLICATION NO. ----- | DATE ----- |
|------------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| KR 2007049811 | A | 20070514 | KR 2005-106991 | 20051109 |
| KR 823155 | B1 | 20080421 | | |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | KR 2005-106991 | 20051109 |

AB A novel catecholic xanthone based-compound, an extract of Cudrania tricuspidata and a catecholic xanthone based-compound isolated therefrom are claimed. Said compound has excellent antioxidant activity on low-d. lipoprotein (LDL) and effectively inhibits the activity of acyl-CoA:cholesterol acyltransferase (ACAT) without showing acute toxicity in mice. The compound is thus useful as a composition for preventing and treating cardiovascular diseases. The method for preparing a novel catecholic xanthone compound (as represented by a certain formula; no data) comprises crushing washed and dried Cudrania tricuspidata and then extracting it with a solvent to provide an extract. Said method comprises adding water to the extract to suspend it and fractionating it with n-hexane, chloroform and Et acetate in sequence to obtain a chloroform-soluble extract. Said method comprises isolating and purifying a catecholic xanthone compound (as represented by a certain formula; no data) from the chloroform soluble extract through chromatog. More narrow definitions are indicated; however, specific chemical structures and/or addnl. information are not provided.

L76 ANSWER 6 OF 20 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2008 The Thomson Corporation on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:87569 BIOSIS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200700093320

TITLE: Alcohol-fermented food or pharmaceutical composition for prevention of obesity and process for preparation thereof.

AUTHOR(S): Anonymous; Kim, Hyung-Min [Inventor]; Hong, Seung-Heon [Inventor]

CORPORATE SOURCE: Seoul, 130-716, South Korea
ASSIGNEE: Hyung-Min Kim

PATENT INFORMATION: US 07135199 20061114

SOURCE: Official Gazette of the United States Patent and

Trademark Office Patents, (NOV 14 2006)
 CODEN: OGUPE7. ISSN: 0098-1133.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 31 Jan 2007
 Last Updated on STN: 31 Jan 2007

AB The present invention relates to an extract of mixed herb medicine, and a pharmaceutical composition for the prevention and treatment of obesity containing the extract as an effective ingredient or health food containing the same, more precisely, an extract of mixed herb medicine extracted from the mixture of cassia seeds (*Cassia obtusifolia* L.), green tea (*Thea sinensis* L.), eucommia bark (*Eucommia ulmoides* Oliver), garlic (*Allium sativum* var. *pekinense*), hawthorn (*Crataegus Pinnatifida* Bunge), fresh pine needle (*Pinus densiflora* Siebold et Zuccarini) and wormwood (*Artemisia capillaris* Thunberg) using water or aqueous alcohol solution, a pharmaceutical composition for the prevention and treatment of obesity containing the above extract and a fermented extract extracted after adding rice, malt and yeast to the above mixture, or health food containing the same. The extract of the present invention can be effectively used for the prevention and the treatment of obesity by inhibiting weight gain by high-fat diet, lowering blood cholesterol and decreasing neutral fat (triglyceride).

L76 ANSWER 7 OF 20 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2008 THOMSON REUTERS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007-349769 [33] WPIX
 DOC. NO. CPI: C2007-127532 [33]
 TITLE: Composition for preventing hyperlipidemia
 and arteriosclerosis comprising terpenoid-based
 compound capable of effectively inhibiting acyl-coa:
 Cholesterol acyltransferase activity
 DERWENT CLASS: B05
 INVENTOR: CHO K H; IM K R; JEONG T S; KIM J
 R; LEE W S
 PATENT ASSIGNEE: (KORE-N) KOREA RES INST BIOSCIENCE & BIOTECHNOLOG
 COUNTRY COUNT: 1

PATENT INFO ABBR.:

| PATENT NO | KIND DATE | WEEK | LA PG | MAIN IPC |
|-----------|-----------------------|------|-------|----------|
| KR 588358 | B1 20060612 (200733)* | KO | [1] | |

APPLICATION DETAILS:

| PATENT NO | KIND | APPLICATION | DATE |
|--------------|------|---------------|----------|
| KR 588358 B1 | | KR 2006-36733 | 20060424 |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: KR 2006-36733 20060424

AN 2007-349769 [33] WPIX

AB KR 588358 B1 UPAB: 20070523

NOVELTY - A composition comprising a terpenoid compound is provided to effectively inhibit acyl-CoA:cholesterol acyltransferase, thereby being usefully used for preventing and treating cardiovascular disease induced by synthesis and accumulation of cholesteryl ester.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - The composition for preventing hyperlipidemia and arteriosclerosis comprises at least one terpenoid-based compound represented by formulae(1) to (4) as an effective ingredient. The terpenoid-based compound is obtained by extracting *Torreya nucifera* with methanol, isolating and purifying the extract.(C) KIPO 2006Image 1/1

L76 ANSWER 8 OF 20 PASCAL COPYRIGHT 2008 INIST-CNRS. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007-0010906 PASCAL Full-text
 COPYRIGHT NOTICE: Copyright .COPYRGT. 2007 INIST-CNRS. All rights reserved.
 TITLE (IN ENGLISH): Antioxidant activities of abietane diterpenoids isolated from *Torreya nucifera* leaves
 AUTHOR: WOO SONG LEE; KIM Ju-Ryoung; HAN Jong-Min; KI CHANG JANG; SOK Dai-Eun; JEONG Tae-Sook
 CORPORATE SOURCE: National Research Laboratory of Lipid Metabolism & Atherosclerosis, Korea Research Institute of Bioscience and Biotechnology, Daejeon 305-333, Korea, Republic of; National Institute of Subtropical Agriculture, R. D. A, Jeju 690-150, Korea, Republic of; College of Pharmacy, Chungnam National University, Daejeon 305-764, Korea, Republic of
 SOURCE: Journal of agricultural and food chemistry : (Print), (2006), 54(15), 5369-5374, 36 refs. ISSN: 0021-8561 CODEN: JAFCAU
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 BIBLIOGRAPHIC LEVEL: Analytic
 COUNTRY: United States
 LANGUAGE: English
 AVAILABILITY: INIST-7332, 354000139016820240
 AN 2007-0010906 PASCAL Full-text
 CP Copyright .COPYRGT. 2007 INIST-CNRS. All rights reserved.
 AB Investigation on antioxidant compounds from the ethanolic extracts of *Torreya nucifera* leaves resulted in the isolation of abietane diterpenoids, a known 18-methylesterferruginol (1) and a new 18-dimethoxyferruginol (2). The structures of compounds 1 and 2 were elucidated on the basis of their spectroscopic analyses. Compounds 1 and 2 inhibited the Cu.sup.2.sup.+-mediated, 2,2'-azobis(2-amidino-propane)hydrochloride-mediated and 3-morpholinolysynonimine-1-mediated low-density lipoprotein (LDL) oxidation in the thiobarbituric acid-reactive substances assay as well as the macrophage-mediated LDL oxidation. Compounds 1 and 2 exhibited the potent antioxidant activities in the conjugated diene production, relative electrophoretic mobility, and apoB-100 fragmentation on copper-mediated LDL oxidation. Compound 1 also suppressed nitric oxide production and inducible nitric oxide synthase expression in lipopolysaccharide-stimulated RAW264.7 cells.

L76 ANSWER 9 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 3

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1001814 CAPLUS Full-text
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:311932
 TITLE: Novel abietane diterpenoid compounds from *Torreya nucifera* for prevention and treatment of cardiovascular disease
 INVENTOR(S): Jeong, Tae-Sook; Lee, Woo-Song; Kim, Hyung-Chin; Choi, Yang-Kyu; Kim, Ju-Ryoung; An, So-Jin; Im, Kyoung-Ran; Jang, Ki-Chang; Moon, Og-Sung; Son, Jun-Seock
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Korea Research Institute of Bioscience and Biotechnology, S. Korea; Jeong, Tae-Sook; Lee,

10/591282

Woo-Song; Kim, Hyoung-Chin; Choi, Yang-Kyu; Kim,
Ju-Ryoung; An, So-Jin; Im, Kyoung-Ran; Jang,
Ki-Chang; Et Al.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 68 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

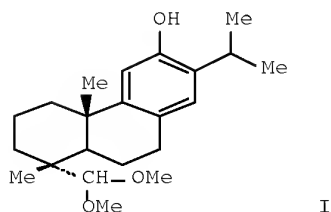
LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|--|----------|-----------------|-------------|
| WO 2005084141 | A2 | 20050915 | WO 2005-KR472 | 20050222 |
| W: | AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW | | | |
| RW: | BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG | | | |
| KR 2006073751 | A | 20060629 | KR 2004-112140 | 20041224 |
| KR 2006043067 | A | 20060515 | KR 2005-14523 | 20050222 |
| JP 2007526299 | T | 20070913 | JP 2007-501703 | 20050222 |
| US 20070190192 | A1 | 20070816 | US 2006-591282 | 20060831 |
| KR 2007041484 | A | 20070418 | KR 2007-30866 | 20070329 |
| KR 772495 | B1 | 20071101 | | |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | KR 2004-14236 | A 20040303 |
| | | | KR 2004-89372 | A 20041104 |
| | | | KR 2004-112140 | A 20041224 |
| | | | KR 2005-14523 | A3 20050222 |
| | | | WO 2005-KR472 | W 20050222 |

GI



AB The present invention relates to a composition for the prevention and the treatment of cardiovascular disease containing exts. of *T. nucifera* or abietane diterpenoid compound or terpenoid compound isolated from the same as

an effective ingredient. T. nucifera exts. or abietane diterpenoid compound or terpenoid compound isolated from the same of the present invention not only shows excellent anti-oxidative activity to LDL but also effectively inhibits ACAT activity. Further, T. nucifera exts. of the present invention reduce blood LDL cholesterol and total cholesterol. Compds. isolated from T. nucifera include I, ferruginol, 18-hydroxyferruginol, isopimaric acid, dehydroabietinol, and kayadiol.

L76 ANSWER 10 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 4

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:965489 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:408326

TITLE: Method and kit for diagnosing foot and mouth disease virus (FMDV) using FMDV-derived recombinant antigen in sandwich or competition assay

INVENTOR(S): Cho, In-Soo; Hyun, Bang-Hun; Lee, Kwang-Nyeong; Oem, Jae-Ku; Kye, Soo-Jeong; Ko, Young-Joon; Ku, Bok-Kyung; Joo, Yi-Seok; An, Soo-Hwan; Kim, In-Joong; Kim, Ok-Kyung; Kim, Hee-Jeong; Jang, Ki-Yong; Shin, Nam-Kyu; Hwang, Suh-Ha; Kang, Je-Mo; Kim, Chang-Ho; Ko, Song-Woo

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Republic of Korea, National Veterinary Research and Quarantine Service, S. Korea; Princeton Biomeditech East, Inc.; Princeton Biomeditech Corporation

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 84 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|--|----------|-----------------|------------|
| WO 2004097418 | A1 | 20041111 | WO 2003-KR896 | 20030506 |
| W: | AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW | | | |
| RW: | GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG | | | |
| KR 2004095824 | A | 20041116 | KR 2003-26809 | 20030428 |
| CA 2523939 | A1 | 20041111 | CA 2003-2523939 | 20030506 |
| AU 2003230254 | A1 | 20041123 | AU 2003-230254 | 20030506 |
| EP 1618381 | A1 | 20060125 | EP 2003-723414 | 20030506 |
| R: | AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK | | | |
| CN 1798976 | A | 20060705 | CN 2003-826670 | 20030506 |
| BR 2003018312 | A | 20060711 | BR 2003-18312 | 20030506 |
| US 20060127885 | A1 | 20060615 | US 2004-833933 | 20040428 |
| US 20070128587 | A1 | 20070607 | US 2006-555059 | 20060915 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | KR 2003-26809 | A 20030428 |
| | | | WO 2003-KR896 | W 20030506 |

AB The present invention provides a method for diagnosing foot- and -mouth disease virus (FMDV) which allowed to distinguish between FMDV vaccinated animals and an infected animal with only a small volume of test sample by using FMDV-derived antigen in sandwich or competition assay. The comprises the steps of applying a predetd. amount of a test sample to a loading region of a strip; coupling a detection reagent including a given labeling reagent to an analyte of interest in the test sample to form a complex there-between; developing the complex onto a wicking membrane; and observing changes in appearance of a reactivity zone having at least more than one immobilized phase selected from antigen, antibody or hapten on the predetd. region of the wicking membrane, derived from FMDV or obtainable from FMDV through an immunol. reaction to determine the presence or absence of foot- and -mouth disease virus infection. It also provides a kit for diagnosing foot- and -mouth disease virus infection comprising a strip including a reactivity zone containing at least more than one immobilized phase selected from antigen, antibody or hapten thereon, derived from FMDV or obtainable from FMDV through an immunol. reaction, and a control zone for confirming normal operation of the kit, provided on a predetd. region of a wicking membrane; and a housing protecting the strip from a variety of contaminants, and including at least a test sample application port and an indicia window for observing results of reaction in the reactivity zone and the control zone on the strip. Cloning of FMDV-derived antigens in Escherichia coli was demonstrated. The accuracy of the test of the invention was demonstrated using cattle, swine, goat and sheep sera.

REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L76 ANSWER 11 OF 20 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2008 THOMSON REUTERS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003-623681 [59] WPIX
 CROSS REFERENCE: 2005-169160; 2005-173408
 DOC. NO. CPI: C2003-170508 [59]
 TITLE: Manufacturing method of long-fiber corduroy textile
 DERWENT CLASS: F03
 INVENTOR: IM K; LIM G H; OH J; OH J G; SHON J;
 SON J I; YEO S; YEO S M
 PATENT ASSIGNEE: (SAEH-N) SAEHAN IND INC
 COUNTRY COUNT: 33

PATENT INFO ABBR.:

| PATENT NO | KIND | DATE | WEEK | LA | PG | MAIN IPC |
|---------------|------|----------|-----------|----|-----|----------|
| KR 2003036445 | A | 20030509 | (200359)* | KO | [0] | |
| EP 1464744 | A2 | 20041006 | (200465) | EN | | |
| CN 1536115 | A | 20041013 | (200508) | ZH | | |

APPLICATION DETAILS:

| PATENT NO | KIND | APPLICATION | DATE |
|---------------|------|----------------|----------|
| KR 2003036445 | A | KR 2003-21086 | 20030403 |
| CN 1536115 | A | CN 2003-138644 | 20030529 |
| EP 1464744 | A2 | EP 2003-293352 | 20031231 |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: KR 2003-21086 20030403
 AN 2003-623681 [59] WPIX
 CR 2005-169160; 2005-173408
 AB KR 2003036445 A UPAB: 20050706

NOVELTY - A manufacturing method of long-fiber corduroy textile is characterized by involving a reducing process after weaving a corduroy structure, forming a space between ground yarn and pile yarn and passing a knife between the ground yarn and the pile yarn. The long-fiber corduroy textile has excellent tensile strength, washing shrinkage, frictional fastness, drapability, elasticity and soft handling.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - A manufacturing method of long-fiber corduroy textile comprises the steps of: weaving corduroy textile; and cutting the pile yarn thereof. The long-fiber filaments are selected from the group consisting of fine yarn, superfine yarn, divided yarn, sea-island yarn, eluted yarn, undrawn yarn, partially oriented yarn, flat yarn and draw textured yarn.

L76 ANSWER 12 OF 20 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2008 THOMSON REUTERS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001-459216 [50] WPIX
 DOC. NO. NON-CPI: N2001-340516 [50]
 TITLE: Link layer error control method for wireless communication, involves re-transmitting copy of transmitted cell having protocol data unit with forward error correction code on reception of feedback indicating error
 DERWENT CLASS: W01
 INVENTOR: AHN C; AHN C U; AN S; CHANG K; CHO K; GANG C; GANG W; JANG G H; JANG K; JANG K H; KANG C; KANG C G; KANG U S; KANG W; KANG W S; KYO C; AHN C W
 PATENT ASSIGNEE: (SMSU-C) SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO LTD
 COUNTRY COUNT: 5

PATENT INFO ABBR.:

| PATENT NO | KIND | DATE | WEEK | LA | PG | MAIN IPC |
|---------------|------|----------|-----------|----|-------|----------|
| GB 2357017 | A | 20010606 | (200150)* | EN | 72[8] | |
| CN 1286553 | A | 20010307 | (200150) | ZH | | |
| JP 2001127774 | A | 20010511 | (200150) | JA | 19 | |
| KR 2001019441 | A | 20010315 | (200157) | KO | | |
| GB 2357017 | B | 20020710 | (200253) | EN | | |
| US 6615382 | B1 | 20030902 | (200359) | EN | | |
| JP 3537750 | B2 | 20040614 | (200439) | JA | 19 | |
| CN 1134928 | C | 20040114 | (200579) | ZH | | |
| KR 607934 | B1 | 20060803 | (200714) | KO | | |

APPLICATION DETAILS:

| PATENT NO | KIND | APPLICATION | DATE |
|-----------------|------|----------------|----------|
| GB 2357017 A | | GB 2000-20174 | 20000817 |
| KR 2001019441 A | | KR 1999-35839 | 19990827 |
| CN 1286553 A | | CN 2000-126197 | 20000825 |
| CN 1134928 C | | CN 2000-126197 | 20000825 |
| JP 2001127774 A | | JP 2000-256373 | 20000825 |
| JP 3537750 B2 | | JP 2000-256373 | 20000825 |
| US 6615382 B1 | | US 2000-648743 | 20000828 |
| KR 607934 B1 | | KR 1999-35839 | 19990827 |

FILING DETAILS:

| PATENT NO | KIND | PATENT NO |
|-----------|------|-----------|
| | | |

| | | | | |
|------------|----|---------------|---------------|---|
| JP 3537750 | B2 | Previous Publ | JP 2001127774 | A |
| KR 607934 | B1 | Previous Publ | KR 2001019441 | A |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: KR 1999-35839 19990827

AN 2001-459216 [50] WPIX

AB GB 2357017 A UPAB: 20060202

NOVELTY - Error ratio of forward channel is estimated based on state of a reverse channel, based on which encoding ratio for forward error correction (FEC) is selected. FEC code (61c,64c) are included in a protocol data unit (60) of a wireless link layer. Cell containing protocol data unit is transmitted via forward channel. Copy of the cell is re-transmitted on reception of feedback via reverse channel indicating error.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for computer readable recording media.

USE - In wideband wireless communication system.

ADVANTAGE - Optimal performance and minimum time delay are obtained, as the number of re-transmission attempts are reduced due to the improvement in probability of correcting forward errors. Reduces cell transmission error and cell transmission delay time by retransmitting multiple copies of corrupted cell in simultaneous multicopy mode.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS - The figure shows the schematic diagram of the structure of protocol data unit of a wireless link layer.

Protocol data unit (60)

FEC codes (61c,64c)

Member(0001)

ABEQ CN 1286553 A UPAB 20060202

NOVELTY - Error ratio of forward channel is estimated based on state of a reverse channel, based on which encoding ratio for forward error correction (FEC) is selected. FEC code (61c,64c) are included in a protocol data unit (60) of a wireless link layer. Cell containing protocol data unit is transmitted via forward channel. Copy of the cell is re-transmitted on reception of feedback via reverse channel indicating error.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for computer readable recording media.

USE - In wideband wireless communication system.

ADVANTAGE - Optimal performance and minimum time delay are obtained, as the number of re-transmission attempts are reduced due to the improvement in probability of correcting forward errors. Reduces cell transmission error and cell transmission delay time by retransmitting multiple copies of corrupted cell in simultaneous multicopy mode.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS - The figure shows the schematic diagram of the structure of protocol data unit of a wireless link layer.

Protocol data unit (60)

FEC codes (61c,64c)

Member(0003)

ABEQ JP 2001127774 A UPAB 20060202

NOVELTY - Error ratio of forward channel is estimated based on state of a reverse channel, based on which encoding ratio for forward error correction (FEC) is selected. FEC code (61c,64c) are included in a protocol data unit (60) of a wireless link layer. Cell containing protocol data unit is transmitted via forward channel. Copy of the cell is re-transmitted on reception of feedback via reverse channel indicating error.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included

for computer readable recording media.

USE - In wideband wireless communication system.

ADVANTAGE - Optimal performance and minimum time delay are obtained, as the number of re-transmission attempts are reduced due to the improvement in probability of correcting forward errors. Reduces cell transmission error and cell transmission delay time by retransmitting multiple copies of corrupted cell in simultaneous multicopy mode.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS - The figure shows the schematic diagram of the structure of protocol data unit of a wireless link layer.

Protocol data unit (60)

FEC codes (61c,64c)

L76 ANSWER 13 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 5

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:773272 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:81254

TITLE: Effects of MBRI9901 (rhG-CSF) on γ -ray irradiated mice with bone marrow transplantation
 AUTHOR(S): Fang, M. Z.; Ahn, Y. C.; Kim, M. Y.; Kim, J. H.; Son, J. W.; Choi, J. H.; Kim, J. S.; Bae, M. O.; Shin, M. K.; Lee, H. J.; Lee, M. H.; Kim, W. H.; Kweon, O. K.; Lee, B. J.; Chung, K. H.; Kang, K. Y.; Kim, C. H.; Choi, S. J.; Jang, K. S.; Byun, J. H.; Cho, M. H.

CORPORATE SOURCE: College of Veterinary Medicine, Seoul National University, S. Korea

SOURCE: Asia Pacific Journal of Pharmacology (2000), 14(3), 51-55

CODEN: APJPEV; ISSN: 0217-9687

PUBLISHER: Singapore University Press

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB To determine the efficacy of MBRI9901, a recombinant human granulocyte-colony stimulating factor (rhG-CSF) developed by Korea Green Cross Cooperation (KGCC), the authors administered MBRI9901 for days to γ -ray irradiated and followed by bone marrow transplanted mice. The authors then examined the mortality of mice, neutrophil nos., and the ratio of myeloid to erythroid in bone marrow on days 9, 13, 18, 22, and 26 after the drug administration. The authors also performed the chromosome aberration and supravital micronucleus assay at the same time points to determine the potential effects of MBRI9901 on mutational events induced by γ -ray irradiation. The authors' results showed that mortality was apparently reduced by MBRI9901, and the number of peripheral neutrophils in MBRI9901-treated group recovered rapidly. The ratio of myeloid to erythroid in bone marrow also rapidly recovered in MBRI9901-treated group compared to control group. Frequencies of micronucleated reticulocytes in MBRI9901-treated group were significantly lower than in control group suggesting a clear anti-micronucleated process of MBRI9901 on abnormal erythropoiesis. However, MBRI9901 did not have an effect on the process of chromosome aberration. The above data strongly suggest that MBRI9901 may stimulate the differentiation of myeloid and maintain the level of peripheral neutrophil after bone marrow transplantation in γ -ray irradiated mice. It also has some effects on the escape from abnormal erythropoiesis induced by γ -ray irradiation.

REFERENCE COUNT: 12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L76 ANSWER 14 OF 20 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2008

THOMSON REUTERS on STN

10/591282

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999-546654 [46] WPIX
 DOC. NO. NON-CPI: N1999-405816 [46]
 TITLE: Electric charge reactivating sensing amplifier for low power memory - has equalizer which is connected electrically to two pairs of data lines, to reuse electric charge during sensing operation when voltage is precharged respectively to step-up and step-down amplifiers
 DERWENT CLASS: U14
 INVENTOR: AHN J; AHN J H; AN S; NAH H Y; RA K; RHA H; SOHN J H; SON J; SON S
 PATENT ASSIGNEE: (HYUN-N) HYUNDAI MICROSEMICON CO LTD; (GLDS-C) LG SEMICON CO LTD
 COUNTRY COUNT: 3

PATENT INFO ABBR.:

| PATENT NO | KIND | DATE | WEEK | LA | PG | MAIN IPC |
|-------------|------|----------|-----------|----|------|----------|
| JP 11238383 | A | 19990831 | (199946)* | JA | 5[6] | |
| US 6011738 | A | 20000104 | (200008) | EN | | |
| KR 99069373 | A | 19990906 | (200046) | KO | [8] | |
| KR 300035 | B | 20010906 | (200227) | KO | | |

APPLICATION DETAILS:

| PATENT NO | KIND | APPLICATION | DATE |
|-------------|------|----------------|----------|
| JP 11238383 | A | JP 1998-267864 | 19980922 |
| KR 99069373 | A | KR 1998-3577 | 19980207 |
| KR 300035 | B | KR 1998-3577 | 19980207 |
| US 6011738 | A | US 1998-161390 | 19980928 |

FILING DETAILS:

| PATENT NO | KIND | PATENT NO |
|-----------|------|---------------|
| KR 300035 | B | Previous Publ |
| | | KR 99069373 A |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: KR 1998-3577 19980207

AN 1999-546654 [46] WPIX

AB JP 11238383 A UPAB: 20060115

NOVELTY - An equalizer (23) is connected electrically to two pairs of data lines (DL0,DL0b,DL1,DL1b), to reuse the electric charge during sensing operation when a voltage is precharged respectively to a step-up amplifier (20) and a step-down amplifier (21). DETAILED DESCRIPTION - Data lines (DL0,DL0b) connected to the output terminal of a step-up amplifier (20), have voltage levels higher than a precharge voltage. Data lines (DL1,DL1b) connected to the output terminal of a step-down amplifier (21), have voltage levels lower than the precharge voltage.

USE - For low power memory.

ADVANTAGE - Enables reuse of electric charge used during sensing operation.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the block diagram of an electric charge reactivating sensing amplifier. (20) Step-up amplifier; (21) Step-down amplifier; (23) Equalizer; (DL0,DL0b,DL1,DL1b) Data lines.

Member(0002)

ABEQ US 6011738 A UPAB 20060115

NOVELTY - An equalizer (23) is connected electrically to two pairs of

data lines (DL0,DL0b,DL1,DL1b), to reuse the electric charge during sensing operation when a voltage is precharged respectively to a step-up amplifier (20) and a step-down amplifier (21). DETAILED DESCRIPTION - Data lines (DL0,DL0b) connected to the output terminal of a step-up amplifier (20), have voltage levels higher than a precharge voltage. Data lines (DL1,DL1b) connected to the output terminal of a step-down amplifier (21), have voltage levels lower than the precharge voltage.

USE - For low power memory.

ADVANTAGE - Enables reuse of electric charge used during sensing operation. DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the block diagram of an electric charge reactivating sensing amplifier. (20) Step-up amplifier; (21) Step-down amplifier; (23) Equalizer; (DL0,DL0b,DL1,DL1b) Data lines.

L76 ANSWER 15 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:720075 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:101752

TITLE: Magnetic properties of Cr3+ substituted BaFe12O19 powders grown by a sol-gel method

AUTHOR(S): Kim, Chul Sung; An, Sung Yong; Son, Ji Hee; Lee, Jae-Gwang; Oak, Hang Nam

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Physics, Kookmin University, Seoul, 136-702, S. Korea

SOURCE: IEEE Transactions on Magnetism (1999), 35(5, Pt. 1), 3160-3162

CODEN: IEMGAQ; ISSN: 0018-9464

PUBLISHER: Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Cr3+ substituted Ba-hexaferrite was fabricated by a sol-gel method. The crystallog. and magnetic properties of BaFe12-xCr_xO19 (0 ≤ x ≤ 7) were studied XRD, Rutherford back-scattering spectrometry, vibrating sample magnetometry and Moessbauer spectroscopy. The crystal structure is magnetoplumbite, typical of M-type hexagonal ferrite. By substituting Fe3+ in BaFe12O19 by Cr3+, we have been able to attribute the Moessbauer parameters to the 5 crystallog. sites of the structure. Only the octahedral sublattices were occupied by Cr ions. The isomer shifts indicate that the valence state of the Fe ions was Fe3+. The Curie temps. of BaFe12-xCr_xO19 decreased linearly increasing Cr-substitution, at a rate of 55 K/Cr atom.

REFERENCE COUNT: 12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L76 ANSWER 16 OF 20 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2008 THOMSON REUTERS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999-537501 [45] WPIX

TITLE: Dry dehydration device of a food wastes disposing vehicle

DERWENT CLASS: Q35

INVENTOR: AHN S G; AN S; CHANG G S; JANG K; KIM I; KIM I G

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (KANG-N) KANGLIM CO LTD; (KANG-N) KANGLIM SPECIAL PURPOSE VEHICLE JH

COUNTRY COUNT: 1

PATENT INFO ABBR.:

| PATENT NO | KIND | DATE | WEEK | LA | PG | MAIN IPC |
|-------------|------|----------|-----------|----|------|----------|
| KR 98056358 | A | 19980925 | (199945)* | KO | [10] | |

10/591282

KR 185121 B1 19990415 (200051) KO

APPLICATION DETAILS:

| PATENT NO | KIND | APPLICATION | DATE |
|---------------|------|---------------|----------|
| KR 98056358 A | | KR 1996-75625 | 19961228 |
| KR 185121 B1 | | KR 1996-75625 | 19961228 |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: KR 1996-75625 19961228
AN 1999-537501 [45] WPIX

L76 ANSWER 17 OF 20 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2008 THOMSON REUTERS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999-537500 [45] WPIX
TITLE: Vacuum drying device of a food wastes disposing vehicle
DERWENT CLASS: Q35
INVENTOR: AHN S G; AN S; CHANG G S; JANG K; KIM I; KIM I G
PATENT ASSIGNEE: (KANG-N) KANGLIM CO LTD; (KANG-N) KANGLIM SPECIAL PURPOSE VEHICLE JH
COUNTRY COUNT: 1

PATENT INFO ABBR.:

| PATENT NO | KIND | DATE | WEEK | LA | PG | MAIN IPC |
|-------------|------|----------|-----------|----|------|----------|
| KR 98056357 | A | 19980925 | (199945)* | KO | [10] | |
| KR 185120 | B1 | 19990415 | (200051) | KO | | |

APPLICATION DETAILS:

| PATENT NO | KIND | APPLICATION | DATE |
|---------------|------|---------------|----------|
| KR 98056357 A | | KR 1996-75624 | 19961228 |
| KR 185120 B1 | | KR 1996-75624 | 19961228 |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: KR 1996-75624 19961228
AN 1999-537500 [45] WPIX

L76 ANSWER 18 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 6
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:888914 CAPLUS Full-text
TITLE: A process of kim chi that prolongs preservation
INVENTOR(S): You, Hung - Kun; Son, Jun - Ho; Im, Chol; Jang, Kun - U; Han, Min - Su; No, Hong - Shik
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): MI Won Co., Ltd., S. Korea
SOURCE: Repub. Korea
CODEN: KRXXFC
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Korean
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| KR 9509180 | B1 | 19950816 | KR 1992-24031 | 19921212 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | KR 1992-24031 | 19921212 |

AB Unavailable

L76 ANSWER 19 OF 20 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2008 THOMSON REUTERS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997-049903 [05] WPIX
 TITLE: Hangul validation suite for hangul unix
 DERWENT CLASS: T01
 INVENTOR: AN S; IM K; KIM H; KIM J; NAMKUNG
 H; SON D; U Y
 PATENT ASSIGNEE: (KOEL-N) KOREA ELECTRONICS & TELECOM RES
 COUNTRY COUNT: 1

PATENT INFO ABBR.:

| PATENT NO | KIND | DATE | WEEK | LA | PG | MAIN IPC |
|------------|------|----------|-----------|----|-----|----------|
| KR 9502163 | B1 | 19950314 | (199705)* | KO | [0] | |

APPLICATION DETAILS:

| PATENT NO | KIND | APPLICATION | DATE |
|------------|------|---------------|----------|
| KR 9502163 | B1 | KR 1992-15844 | 19920901 |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: KR 1992-15844 19920901

AN 1997-049903 [05] WPIX

AB KR 9502163 B1 UPAB: 20050514

The validation method involves checking the environment for the HVS. The HVS is stopped to print the required environment when the HVS is not in the proper environment. The third step generates the required data structure and stores the related data to the disk files when the HVS is in the proper environment. The fourth step involves finding whether the validation mode is in the individual mode or the global checking mode. The individual validation script is called for the individual checking mode. The multiple validation scripts for the global checking mode are called in sequence. The testing results are assessed and statistical data is generated.

L76 ANSWER 20 OF 20 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2008 The Thomson Corporation
 on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:271410 BIOSIS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV198988007492; BA88:7492

TITLE: FATTY ACID COMPOSITIONS OF PINUS-KORAIENSIS SEED.

AUTHOR(S): YOON T-H [Reprint author]; IM K-J; KOH E T;
 JU J-S

CORPORATE SOURCE: 610 ELM AVE, SCH HUMAN DEVELOPMENT, UNIV OKLAHOMA,
 NORMAN, OKLAHOMA 73019, USA

SOURCE: Nutrition Research, (1989) Vol. 9, No. 3, pp. 357-361.
 CODEN: NTRSDC. ISSN: 0271-5317.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article

FILE SEGMENT: BA

LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 6 Jun 1989

Last Updated on STN: 6 Jun 1989

AB The fatty acid compositions of two years samples of Pinus koraiensis seed were analyzed by gas and gas-liquid chromatography. The fatty acid compositions between the two years samples were almost identical. The seed oil consisted of 21 fatty acids whose chain lengths are from 14:0 to 22:0. The seed oil contained three nonmethylene-interrupted polyenoic (NMIP) acids 18:3Δ5,9,12,20:2δ5,11, and 20:3δ5,11,14 as omega 5 fatty acids. The total amounts of three omega-5 fatty acids was 12.38%; and among these 18:3δ5,9,12

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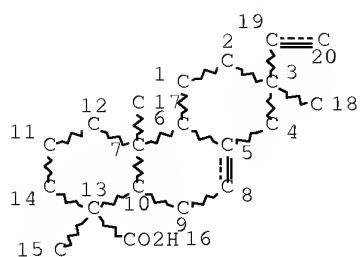
acid was greatest, 11.14%. The seed contained oleic acid (28.40%) and linoleic acid (47.92) as major fatty acids. The ratio of poly unsaturated to saturated fatty acids was 7.04. The fatty acids composition of *P. koraiensis* seed are ideal for hypolipemic effects. Since the *koraiensis* seeds has been claimed for curing and/or preventing degenerative chronic diseases, i.e. heart disease and diabetes, the effects of omega-5 fatty acids on lipids and glucose metabolism can be studied with *P. koraiensis* seeds.

FILE 'CAPLUS, MEDLINE, BIOSIS, EMBASE, WPIX, JAPIO, PASCAL, DISSABS'
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 HYPERLIPEMIA OR HYPERLIPAEMIA OR ATHEROGEN? OR ATHEROMA OR
 ARTER?(3A) (FATTY STREAK))
L82 0 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L81 NOT L75

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:46:22 ON 18 JUL 2008

L9 STR



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DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

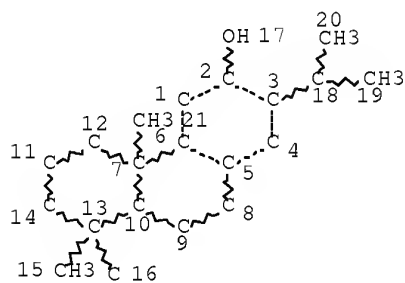
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NUMBER OF NODES IS 20

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L11 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

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DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

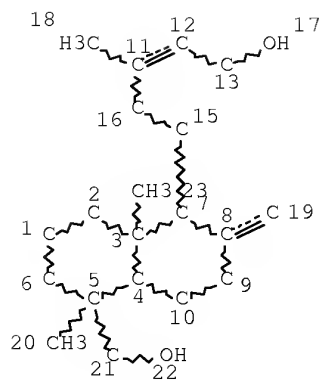
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NUMBER OF NODES IS 21

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L15 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

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DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

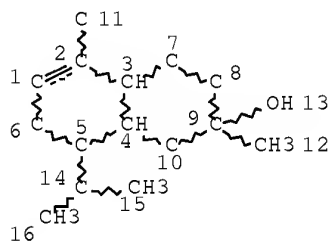
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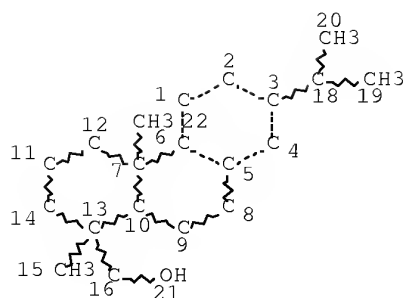
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STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L23 54 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L15 OR L17

L26 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

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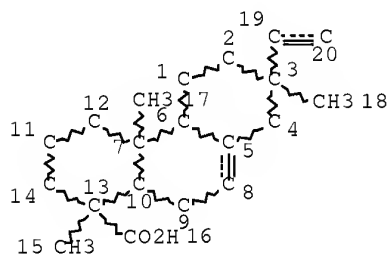
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NUMBER OF NODES IS 21

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L28 837 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L9 OR L11 OR L26

L29 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

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CONNECT IS X2 RC AT 2

CONNECT IS X2 RC AT 4

CONNECT IS X2 RC AT 8

CONNECT IS X2 RC AT 9

CONNECT IS X2 RC AT 11

CONNECT IS X2 RC AT 12

CONNECT IS X2 RC AT 14

CONNECT IS X1 RC AT 20

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

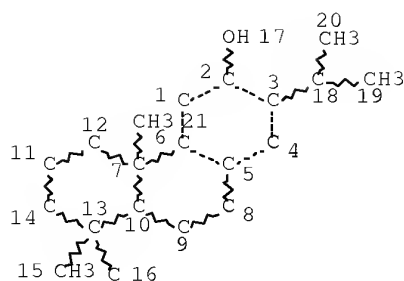
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RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 20

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L30 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

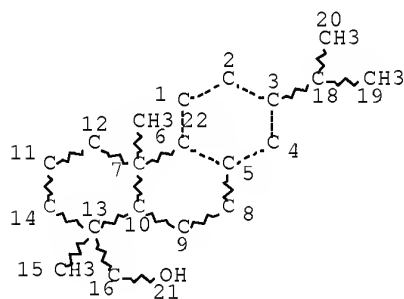
CONNECT IS X2 RC AT 8
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 CONNECT IS X2 RC AT 11
 CONNECT IS X2 RC AT 12
 CONNECT IS X2 RC AT 14
 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
 DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
 NUMBER OF NODES IS 21

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L31 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

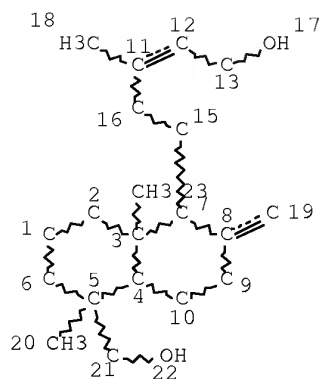
CONNECT IS X2 RC AT 1
 CONNECT IS X2 RC AT 2
 CONNECT IS X2 RC AT 4
 CONNECT IS X2 RC AT 8
 CONNECT IS X2 RC AT 9
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 CONNECT IS X2 RC AT 12
 CONNECT IS X2 RC AT 14
 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
 DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
 NUMBER OF NODES IS 21

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L32 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

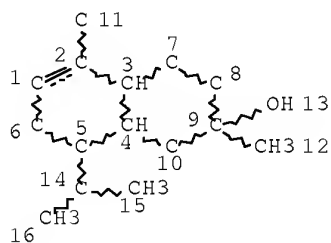
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CONNECT IS X2  RC AT   2
CONNECT IS X2  RC AT   6
CONNECT IS X2  RC AT   9
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CONNECT IS X2  RC AT  16
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED
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GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

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RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
NUMBER OF NODES IS  22
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STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L33 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

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CONNECT IS X2  RC AT   6
CONNECT IS X2  RC AT   7
CONNECT IS X2  RC AT   8
CONNECT IS X2  RC AT  10
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED
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GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

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RSPEC I
NUMBER OF NODES IS  16
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10/591282

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L34 891 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L28 OR L23
L36 352 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L34 SSS FUL (L29 OR L30 OR L31 OR
L32 OR L33)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:49:59 ON 18 JUL 2008

L1 11 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (108904-92-3/BI OR 13742-23-9/BI OR
19435-97-3/BI OR 22595-48-8/BI OR 26296-35-5/BI OR
3772-55-2/BI OR 514-62-5/BI OR 5835-26-7/BI OR 640-43-7/BI
OR 864494-92-8/BI OR 9027-63-8/BI)
L2 10 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L1 AND RSD/FA
L3 STR
L4 32 SEA SSS SAM L3
E DIMETHOXYMETHYL/CN 5
L5 1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON DIMETHOXYMETHYL/CN
D STR
L6 22 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L4 AND O=>3
D SCAN
L7 STR L3
L8 26 SEA SSS SAM L7
L9 STR
L10 2 SEA SSS SAM L9
L11 STR L7
L12 16 SEA SSS SAM L11
L13 STR L7
L14 1 SEA SSS SAM L13
L15 STR
L16 2 SEA SSS SAM L15
L17 STR
L18 0 SEA SSS SAM L17
L19 19 SEA SSS SAM L9 OR L11 OR L13 OR L15 OR L17
L20 18 SEA SSS SAM L9 OR L11 OR L13
L21 291 SEA SSS FUL L9 OR L11 OR L13
D COST
L22 2 SEA SSS SAM L15 OR L17
L23 54 SEA SSS FUL L15 OR L17
SAV TEMP L21 R591A1/A
SAV TEMP L23 R591A2/A
L24 345 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L21 OR L23
D QUE L21
D QUE L23
D QUE STAT L21
D QUE STAT L23
L26 STR L13
L27 43 SEA SSS SAM L9 OR L11 OR L26
D QUE
L28 837 SEA SSS FUL L9 OR L11 OR L26
SAV TEMP L28 R591B2/A
L29 STR L9
L30 STR L11
L31 STR L26
L32 STR L15
L33 STR L17
L34 891 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L28 OR L23
L35 12 SEA SUB=L34 SSS SAM (L29 OR L30 OR L31 OR L32 OR L33)
L36 352 SEA SUB=L34 SSS FUL (L29 OR L30 OR L31 OR L32 OR L33)
SAV TEMP L36 R591C/A

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:17:30 ON 18 JUL 2008

10/591282

L38 2639 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L36
L39 113 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L38 AND THU/RL
E CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASES+ALL/CT
E E2+ALL
L40 24235 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON "CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM, DISEASE"+OLD,PF
T/CT
E E115+ALL
L41 23067 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON "CARDIOVASCULAR AGENTS"+PFT/CT
E ANTICHOLESTEREMIC AGENTS+ALL/CT
L42 12356 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON "ANTICHOLESTEREMIC AGENTS"+OLD/CT
E HYPERLIPIDEMIA+ALL/CT
L43 9364 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON HYPERLIPIDEMIA+OLD/CT
E ATHEROSCLEROSIS+ALL/CT
L44 45237 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ATHEROSCLEROSIS+OLD/CT
E ANTIATHEROSCLEROSIS AGENTS+ALL/CT
E E2+ALL
L45 10350 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON "ANTIARTERIOSCLEROTICS (L) ANTIATHEROSC
LEROTICS"+PFT/CT
L46 9 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L39 AND ((L40 OR L41 OR L42 OR L43 OR
L44 OR L45))
L47 84 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L38 AND (?ATHEROSCLER? OR (HEART OR
CARDIOVASCULAR OR CARDIAC OR CARDIO VASCULAR) (3A) (DISEAS?
OR DISORDER) OR ?LIPIDEMI? OR ?LIPIDAEMI? OR ?CHOLESTER?)
L48 20 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L47 AND (TREAT? OR THERAP? OR PREVENT?)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:25:47 ON 18 JUL 2008
D QUE STAT L36

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D L49 1-22
SEL HIT L49 1-22 RN

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:28:01 ON 18 JUL 2008
L50 27 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (1740-19-8/BI OR 5835-26-7/BI OR
17829-02-6/BI OR 35928-32-6/BI OR 514-62-5/BI OR 59861-20-0
/BI OR 59861-21-1/BI OR 108904-92-3/BI OR 120899-16-3/BI
OR 120899-17-4/BI OR 120899-20-9/BI OR 120899-21-0/BI OR
120899-24-3/BI OR 13742-23-9/BI OR 1857-24-5/BI OR
22595-48-8/BI OR 26296-35-5/BI OR 27527-13-5/BI OR
3772-55-2/BI OR 5155-70-4/BI OR 57055-39-7/BI OR 58508-46-6
/BI OR 58508-50-2/BI OR 58508-58-0/BI OR 58508-59-1/BI OR
59861-25-5/BI OR 864494-92-8/BI)
D QUE
D L50 1-27 IDE CAN

FILE 'CAOLD' ENTERED AT 15:28:41 ON 18 JUL 2008
L51 98 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L50

FILE 'MEDLINE, BIOSIS, EMBASE' ENTERED AT 15:29:27 ON 18 JUL 2008
L52 648 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L50
L53 6 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L52 AND (?ATHEROSCLER? OR (HEART OR
CARDIOVASCULAR OR CARDIAC OR CARDIO VASCULAR) (3A) (DISEAS?
OR DISORDER) OR ?LIPIDEMI? OR ?LIPIDAEMI? OR ?CHOLESTER?)
L54 4 DUP REM L53 (2 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
D 1-4 IBIB ABS

FILE 'CAPLUS, MEDLINE, BIOSIS, EMBASE, WPIX, JAPIO, PASCAL, DISSABS'
ENTERED AT 15:30:23 ON 18 JUL 2008
L55 2104 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ("JEONG T"? OR "TAE-SOOK J"?)/AU

10/591282

L56 53393 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ("LEE W"? OR "WOO-SONG L"?)/AU
L57 153131 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ("KIM H"? OR "HYOUNG-CHIN, K"?)/AU
L58 33777 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ("CHOI Y"? OR "YANG-KYU C"?)/AU
L59 5092 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ("AN S"? OR "SO-JIN A"?)/AU
L60 1549 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ("IM K"? OR "KYOUNG-RAN I"?)/AU
L61 4131 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ("JANG K"? OR "KI-CHANG J"?)/AU
L62 118 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ("MOON O"? OR "OG-SUNG M"?)/AU
L63 5609 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ("SON J"? OR "JUN-SEOCK S"?)/AU
L64 2 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L55 AND L56 AND L57 AND L58 AND L59
AND L60 AND L61 AND L62 AND L63
L65 444 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L55 AND ((L56 OR L57 OR L58 OR L59 OR
L60 OR L61 OR L62 OR L63))
L66 2829 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L56 AND ((L57 OR L58 OR L59 OR L60 OR
L61 OR L62 OR L63))
L67 4009 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L57 AND ((L58 OR L59 OR L60 OR L61 OR
L62 OR L63))
L68 227 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L58 AND ((L59 OR L60 OR L61 OR L62 OR
L63))
L69 12 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L59 AND ((L60 OR L61 OR L62 OR L63))
L70 8 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L60 AND ((L61 OR L62 OR L63))
L71 7 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L61 AND (L62 OR L63)
L72 2 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L62 AND L63
L73 237 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ((L55 OR L56 OR L57 OR L58 OR L59 OR
L60 OR L61 OR L62 OR L63) OR (L65 OR L66 OR L67 OR L68))
AND ((T OR TORREY?)(W) NUCIFER? OR CONIFER? OR (KAYA OR
CONE(3A) BEAR?)(3A) TREE OR JAPANESE(1W) YEW)
L74 6 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L73 AND (?ATHEROSCLER? OR (HEART OR
CARDIOVASCULAR OR CARDIAC OR RADIO VASCULAR)(3A) (DISEAS?
OR DISORDER) OR ?LIPIDEMI? OR ?LIPIDAEMI? OR ?CHOLESTER?)
L75 27 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L64 OR (L69 OR L70 OR L71 OR L72) OR
L74
L76 20 DUP REM L75 (7 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
D 1-20 IBIB ABS

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:40:59 ON 18 JUL 2008
D QUE L36

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:42:31 ON 18 JUL 2008
L77 2 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L38 AND (LIPEMIA OR LIPAEMIA OR
HYPERLIPEMIA OR HYPERLIPAEMIA OR ATHEROGEN? OR ATHEROMA OR
ARTER?(3A) (FATTY STREAK))
L78 2 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L77 AND (TREAT? OR THERAP? OR PREVENT?)
L79 0 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L78 NOT L48

FILE 'MEDLINE, BIOSIS, EMBASE' ENTERED AT 15:44:31 ON 18 JUL 2008
L80 0 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L52 AND (LIPEMIA OR LIPAEMIA OR
HYPERLIPEMIA OR HYPERLIPAEMIA OR ATHEROGEN? OR ATHEROMA OR
ARTER?(3A) (FATTY STREAK))

FILE 'CAPLUS, MEDLINE, BIOSIS, EMBASE, WPIX, JAPIO, PASCAL, DISSABS'
ENTERED AT 15:45:18 ON 18 JUL 2008
L81 2 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L73 AND (LIPEMIA OR LIPAEMIA OR
HYPERLIPEMIA OR HYPERLIPAEMIA OR ATHEROGEN? OR ATHEROMA OR
ARTER?(3A) (FATTY STREAK))
L82 0 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L81 NOT L75

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:46:22 ON 18 JUL 2008
D QUE L36

FILE HOME

FILE CAPLUS

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FILE LAST UPDATED: 17 Jul 2008 (20080717/ED)

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 17 JUL 2008 HIGHEST RN 1034594-49-4
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FILE CAOLD

FILE COVERS 1907-1966
FILE LAST UPDATED: 01 May 1997 (19970501/UP)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification. Title keywords, authors, patent assignees, and patent information, e.g., patent numbers, are now searchable from 1907-1966. TIFF images of CA abstracts printed between 1907-1966 are available in the PAGE display formats.

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all substance data from the REGISTRY file. Enter HELP FIRST for more information.

FILE MEDLINE

FILE LAST UPDATED: 17 Jul 2008 (20080717/UP). FILE COVERS 1949 TO DA

MEDLINE has been updated with the National Library of Medicine's revised 2008 MeSH terms. See HELP RLOAD for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

See HELP RANGE before carrying out any RANGE search.

FILE BIOSIS

FILE COVERS 1926 TO DATE.

CAS REGISTRY NUMBERS AND CHEMICAL NAMES (CNS) PRESENT FROM JANUARY 1926 TO DATE.

RECORDS LAST ADDED: 16 July 2008 (20080716/ED)

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FILE EMBASE

FILE COVERS 1974 TO 18 Jul 2008 (20080718/ED)

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FILE WPIX

FILE LAST UPDATED: 15 JUL 2008 <20080715/UP>

MOST RECENT THOMSON SCIENTIFIC UPDATE: 200845 <200845/DW>

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>>> IPC Reform backfile reclassifications have been loaded to the end March 2008. No update date (UP) has been created for the reclassified documents, but they can be identified by 20060101/UPIC and 20061231/UPIC, 20070601/UPIC, 20071001/UPIC, 20071130/UPIC and 20080401/UPIC.

ECLA reclassifications to April and US national classifications to the end of January 2008 have also been loaded. Update dates 20080401/UPEC and /UPNC have been assigned to these. <<<

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FILE JAPIO

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MOST RECENT PUBLICATION DATE: 27 MAR 2008 <20080327/PD>

>>> GRAPHIC IMAGES AVAILABLE <<<

FILE PASCAL

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